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FOR FIVE DOLLARS
THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR.
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

Foit Almanac—November 15.

Sun Rises	6 36 A M
Sun Sets	4 51 P M
Day's Length	10 h 13 m
High Water at Southport	3 16 A M
High Water at Wilmington	4.58 A M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE.
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., Nov. 15.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 40°; 8 p. m., 45°; maximum, 60°; minimum, 38°; mean, 44°.

Rainfall for the day, 00.; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, 1 93.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Nov. 13.—At 8 a. m. the stage of the water in the Cape Fear river was 4 6 feet.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina—Fair; warmer; easterly winds, becoming southerly.

OUTLINES.

The Free Silver Club, of Hill City, S. D, sends Hon. Wm J. Bryan a letter in which they express admiration for the patriotic devotion with which he served the silver cause during the recent campaign. —— No material change took place in the Georgia Senatorial situation yesterday. —— The gold reserve, at the close of business yesterday, stood at $123 814 335. ——Three negro murderers were saved from being lynched by the prompt and vigorous action of the authorities at Henderson, Ky. —— A monument dedicated to Confederate soldiers, was unveiled at Rockville, Md., yesterday. ——More complications have arisen in the proposed transfer of the Seaboard Air Line system to the New York syndicate, and it is thought that there is a very bitter fight ahead for the control of the system, which may involve a renewal of rate troubles among the Southern lines. ——Italy demands that the reforms promised by the Sultan of Turkey shall be immediately enforced. —— An official states that there will be distress of a severe kind in many districts in Ireland, but no actual famine. —— The foot ball game at Nashville between the University of Nashville and the Vanderbilt University ended in a free fight, in which five hundred men were engaged; none of the participants were seriously hurt. ——Mrs. Ravenah Carraway was choked to death at Ocala, Fla., by R. W. Wilkes, formerly of Florence, S.C. ——Gen. Weyler is trying to surround Maceo; the insurgents defeated the Spaniards in an attack upon their entrenchments. ——The National Grange Patrons of Husbandry demand that equal protection be given to the farmer as is given the manufacturer or other class of citizens affected by a revenue measure. —— Yesterday's New York markets: Money on call was quoted easy at 3@4 per cent.; cotton was quiet—middling gulf 8¼c. middling 8c; Southern flour dull but steady—common to fair extra $2 85 @3 45; good to choice $3 45@3 60; wheat—spot quiet and easier; ungraded red 88@89c; corn—spot dull and easier; No. 2 30⅜@31c at elevator and 31¼@31⅝c afloat; spirits turpentine steady at 28@28½c; rosin steady—common strained to good $1 90@1 92½.

Tom Watson's letter is out at last. And so is Tom.

Hon. Chauncey M. Depew is talked of for Secretary of State, which would be an eminent recognition of side whiskers, gab and chestnuts.

Some of the organs which, before the election, were afraid of "cheap" money, now rejoice in the announcement that money is getting cheaper.

The losses by fire in this country for the past ten months figure up $99,081,700 against $109,689,400 for the corresponding months of last year.

Senator Sherman doesn't want any more silver dollars coined until we can put a dollar's worth of silver into a dollar, and then he will probably insist on two dollars' worth.

Li Hung Chang's coffin, which accompanied him on his European tour, was burned on the steamship on which it was shipped to China. Li will have a chance of burning later.

The Northern Republican and Democratic gold papers are now busy making Cabinets for Mr. McKinley. If they have patience and wait Mr. Hanna will save them all that work.

Those silver men who were bounced by G. Cleveland and J. G. Carlisle may console themselves with the reflection that it was only a matter of a few months when they would be bounced any way.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LIX.—NO. 47. WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1896. WHOLE NO. 9,038

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

Some Winnebago Indians in Nebraska celebrated the election of McKinley in their way, but in a much more creditable and civilized way than those savages in Cleveland, Ohio, did when in accordance with a foolish wager, a thousand or more of them got out an engine and doused with water an old fellow who lost and agreed to the dousing as a penalty. The water was icy cold and it would have killed the man, who stood it bravely until the doctors interfered and put an end to the fun of mob who looked on and enjoyed it.

If thoughts can be photographed, as contended by some, we would like to see a picture of J. J. Ingalls' thoughts after he discovered that Kansas had gone against the Republicans and that Peffer had him down and was sitting on him.

As the Republicans now have control of the Kentucky Legislature, Mr. Carlisle's chances for the Senate have gone glimmering. There are Republican statesmen enough in that State who are not only willing, but anxious.

Lord Salisbury has come to the conclusion that the patch of ground in Venezuela in dispute is not worth making a racket over and has agreed to arbitrate it. J. B. has more land than he can cultivate, anyhow.

The Washington *Star*, judging from the best information obtainable, thinks McKinley's policy will be to endeavor to bring about international bimetallism, and that he will play the tariff to that end.

Holman, of Indiana, the old "Watch Dog of the Treasury," has been elected to Congress after a two years' vacation. With a Republican administration, "Watch Dogs" like Holman will be useful.

Some of the editors are accusing Bismarck of duplicity. As Bis was a diplomat the natural inference might be that he had a pretty good stock of duplicity, without which he would be in the wrong business.

"Let us raise our own sugar," exclaims the New Orleans *Times-Democrat*. As the *T. D.* was an able and enthusiastic supporter of Bryan, this may be taken as an indication that the editor feels like "raising Cain."

Senator Sherman is in a generous mood, in the hour of victory, and will permit all "conservative" people who desire to come into the Republican party. All he will ask is that the old fellows continue to run the machine.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PETITION—Notice.
D. O'CONNOR—For rent.
CLYDE LINE—Sailing days.
PETERSON & RULFS—Shoes.
G. R. FRENCH & SON—For all.
D. L. GORE—Fish and butter.
JAS D. NUTT—Hazel Bloom.
C. W. YATES & CO—Stationery.
THOS. EVANS—Foreclosure sale.
W. E. SPRINGER & CO.—Stoves.
J. W. MURCHISON—Gunpowder.
PALACE BAKERY—Finest candy.
MERCER & EVANS—Ladies' shoes.
C.W.POLVOGT & CO.—Dress goods.
J. H. REHDER & CO—Large stock.
ROGER MOORE—Lime, land plaster.
BRADDY & GAYLORD—Underwear.
S. W. SANDERS—Preserved Ginger.
SAM'L BEAR, SR—New River mullets.
W. B. COOPER—Fruits in their season.
C. F. & Y.V. R. R.—Change schedule.
MASONIC—Meeting Concord Chapter.
OPERA HOUSE—"A Milk White Flag."
SOUTHERLAND & COWAN—Up to date livery stable.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

—Mr. S. P. Tharp, of Southport, is in the city.

— Mr. M. A. McDougald, of Lauinburg, is in the city.

— Mr. S. F. Craig, of Southport, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. H. W. Hood, of Southport, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Frank O. Landis, of Oxford, was a visitor at the STAR office yesterday.

City Court.

In the City Court yesterday Wm. Robinson, colored, arrested for being drunk and disorderly, was sent to jail under bond in the sum of fifty dollars, on the charge of carrying a concealed weapon —a sling shot—which was found on his person when searched at the city prison.

Batterick's December Patterns have arrived at C. W. Polvogt & Co.'s. †

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— A regular convocation of Concord Chapter No. 1, R. A. M., will be held to-morrow evening at 8 o'clock.

— The receipts of cotton yesterday were 3,804 bales, against 839 bales received the corresponding day last year.

— It was Mr. Lat Williams, of Wilson, N. C., who received the prize at the Flower Show here for the best display of cut chrysanthemums.

— Mr. John Moore, of the Wilson *Advance* and captain of the foot ball team that played here yesterday, was a visitor at the STAR office yesterday.

— The Odd Fellows Committee on Thanksgiving for the Orphans at the Home at Goldsboro will call on citizens this week. Donations will be received by any of the committee.

— The fire this morning about 2 o'clock, for which an alarm was sent in from box No. 53, was a vacant house, corner of Eighth and Princess streets, said to belong to Col. Roger Moore.

— The subject of Rev. Jas. W. Kramer's sermon at Brooklyn Baptist church to-day at the 11 a. m. service will be "The Modern Rip Van Winkle;" at 7 30 p. m., "The Devil's Bunch of Flowers."

— One of the handsome exhibits at the flower show at the Y. M. C. A. building was made by Mrs. T. A. Hodges, whose gardens are on Orange street. Among her collection of chrysanthemums is a beautiful specimen, raised from a seedling and named in compliment, THE MORNING STAR.

OPERA HOUSE.

"A Milk White Flag" Will be the Attraction Next Wednesday Night.

Next Wednesday evening, November 18th, Manager S. A. Schloss, of the Opera House, offers as an attraction Hoyt's famous comedy, "A Milk White Flag," which he has no hesitancy in guaranteeing to Wilmington's theatregoers as a first class attraction in every respect, and which will be the event of the season in the farce comedy line. This is the first visit South of "A Milk White Flag," and the first time any of Mr. Hoyt's plays, under his management, has ever visited this city. Wilmington is the only city in North Carolina where the comedy will be presented. The author, Mr. Charles Hoyt, is one of the best known farce comedy writers in America, as the wide reputation of his "Trip to Chinatown" and "A Contented Woman" will plainly show. The cast of fifty people, which will present "A Milk White Flag" here Wednesday night will be the identical one which presented it at Hoyt's theatre, New York city, for more than two hundred nights, and the scenery, gorgeous costumes and military band will be exactly the same. The play is a satire on our militia; or, as Mr. Hoyt puts it in one of his humorous veins, "a tribute to our citizen soldiers by one who would gladly join their ranks if he knew how to dance."

Full of ludicrous situations, witty saying, pleasing specialties and wonderful mechanical effects, it is not to be wondered at that "A Milk White Flag" has obtained that degree of success seldom, if ever, reached by the farce comedy.

Advance sale of seats will commence Tuesday morning at Gerken's. Reserve seats $1.00 to $1.50.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—1 045 bales cotton, 6 casks spirits turpentine, 14 bbls tar, 5 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—1,890 bales cotton, 27 casks spirits turpentine, 164 bbls rosin, 3 bbls tar, 6 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—268 bales cotton, 18 casks spirits turpentine, 80 bbls rosin, 25 bbls crude turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—447 bales cotton, 45 casks spirits turpentine, 180 bbls rosin, 104 bbls crude turpentine.

Steamer A. P. Hurt—149 bales cotton, 8 casks spirits turpentine, 15 bbls rosin, 85 bbls tar, 9 bbls crude turpentine.

Steamer Frank Sessoms—5 bales cotton, 266 bbls rosin, 35 bbls tar.

Schooner Ruth J.—85 bbls rosin.

Total receipts—Cotton, 3,804 bales; spirits turpentine, 99 casks; rosin, 765 bbls; tar, 88 bbls; crude turpentine, 149 bbls.

A Narrow Escape.

Mr. P. L. Kizer, in a note to the STAR tells of his narrow escape in the freight train collision on the C. F. & Y. V. railroad near Jonesboro last Wednesday (an account of which has been published in the STAR). Mr. Kizer says he was in the caboose car, which was demolished, "and had it not been for the kindness of Mr. S. J. Taylor, an employe of the road, in calling me, I am sure that in an instant I would have been hurled into eternity."

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

— Mr. R. H. Starbuck, of Winston, and Mr. H. F. Seawell, of Carthage, were in the city yesterday.

During this week C. W. Polvogt & Co. will sell a 75c Storm Serge in Navy and Black at 49c per yard. †

WILMINGTON VS. WILSON.

The Foot Ball Game Won by the Home Team — Score Twelve to Nothing —A Hard Fought Battle.

Wilmington twelve, Wilson nothing, tells the tale of the hard-fought battle of yesterday on the Hilton Park gridiron. Quite a good crowd had passed the gates before the time the game was called, and a game it was. All those who had the opportunity of watching this battle royal will never forget it. The teams were very evenly matched and the victory must be credited to the superior scientific playing of Wilmington.

The Wilson boys arrived on the 9 35 Shoo Fly and were quartered at The Orton, where they had breakfast and enjoyed themselves until the fateful moment arrived. The Wilson boys are as fine looking set of gentlemen as one wishes to see and as fine a crowd of boys to meet as one would strike in a thousand years. Capt. J. A. Moore, U. N. C., '95, is well known throughout the State and certainly deserves credit for the manner in which he has created out of raw material a team which played such a magnificent game against our boys.

The weather was delightful, and it may be remarked no finer foot ball day could be wished for. The Wilmington boys fully realized the fact that they had a strong aggregation of players to buck against, but, as foretold in the STAR, they went into the game to win and win they did.

Mr. Anderson, of Wilson, was chosen referee for the game, while Jno. D. Bellamy, Jr., acted as umpire, and Messrs. Oldham and Merrill, of Wilmington, did the linesmen work. The two teams after short practices were lined up as follows:

Wilson.		Wilmington.
Sanders	Left End	Stevenson
Eagles	Left Tackle	Watson
Cozart	Left Guard	Terry
Greene,	Centre	King
Dew	Right Guard	Savage
Wilkins, W	Right Tackle	Holland
Wilkins J	Right End	Latham
Stronach	Quarter Back	Peschau
Grantham	Left Half Back	Sawyer
Wilson	Right Half Back	Robbins
Moore	Full Back	Southerland

Substitutes—For Wilson, Anderson, Harris, Nadal. For Wilmington—Southerland, Alderman, Bowden.

The game technically told was as follows:

Wilson chose to defend the north goal while Wilmington did the honors for the south, Moore kicked off for Wilson; Peschau caught the ball and made a short run before downed. Sawyer then took the ball through the line for two yards; Southerland then chipped in three more, while Robbins tried with a few feet gain, and Southerland then added the necessary one more. Robbins was then called upon again and responded nobly with ten yards. Southerland then making two more and Sawyer added twelve more to his "Mickey" was then given the ball and made a three-yard plunge through the line. Stevenson tries but loses two yards, and then Southerland plows through the centre for three yards. Sawyer then tries the left end and succeeds in making three yards, Robbins tries the centre for two yards and Southerland chips in an additional six yards, just for luck, right through the line. Sawyer was then given the ball for an end play but fumbles the ball and Johnnie Moore is on it in a jiffy, and Wilson, in possession of the ball, puts in a yard for Wilson; Moore adds three more, and the pig-skin was then given to Wilson, who tries the end but is prettily downed by Latham. Ball goes to Wilmington. Southerland then takes the ball through the line for four yards, Robbins through right centre for one yard and Sawyer then adds one and two yards respectively. Latham was then given a try, but fumbles, losing four yards; Southerland is then given the oval sphere and makes three yards, and Watson adds three more. Again Mickey is called upon and responds with two and a half yards; Holland is then given a try and goes through left tackle for three yards and Sawyer chips in one through center, but makes no gain on his try around left end. Robbins then makes a beautiful run of seventeen yards right square around right end, and Sawyer is then called upon and responds nobly with a touch-down, made between right tackle and right end. Peschau kicks a very difficult goal, and Wilmington is ahead. Score: Wilmington, 6; Wilson, 0.

Moore then kicks off for Wilson; Stevenson catches and makes a neat run of ten yards before he is downed. Robbins then tries the right end and breaks through to the tune of seventeen yards, being tackled by Moore, who slips, and Robbins wiggles another yard before his falsetto voice is heard to cry "Down." Wilmington is then granted fifteen yards on foul tackle. Sawyer then tries to advance the festive oval and loses three yards, but Southerland pushes up another yard and Robbins then makes a pretty run of seven yards, but drops the ball and Watson is on it like a flash. Southerland then puts the ball through centre for a halt yard; Sawyer fumbles on his try and Johnny Moore is on the ball. Moore then chips in two yards for Wilson and then no gain. Wilson (R. H. B.) is given the ball and adds three yards for Wilson. Grantham then puts in two more. Moore then takes the oval but fumbles and King falls on same. Mickey Southerland then gives us two yards through line and adds one more through center and then no gain. Time called on first half. Score: Wilmington, 6; Wilson, 0.

The second half was but a repetition of the first, the plays being most noticeable were Moore (Wilson) making a ten-yard run around right end, Robbins' magnificent attempt around Wilson's right end for fourteen yards. Robbins' pretty tackle of Moore. Time was called; Moore hurt. Latham made a pretty run of twenty yards around their left end and the ball is then kept very near the spot where "down" was last called for several plays. Latham made a beautiful tackle on Moore, and also Robbins. Moore makes an attempt at quarter-back kick, but ball hits their line, bounces back, and Latham falls on same, making another touch-down for Wilmington. Peschau kicks goal. Score, Wilmington 12, Wilson 0.

The balance of the game was a continual see-saw, although Moore made a beautiful run of forty-five yards around right end, and also Stronach, of Wilson, made a very pretty run of twenty-five yards, but was downed by "Mickey" Southerland before the idea of a touch-down could enter his head. Time was called shortly afterwards. Score, Wilmington 12, Wilson 0.

The game was a hard fought one and a glorious victory for our boys, although our Wilson friends may never feel ashamed of the game they put up against our team. For Wilmington, the whole team deserves great credit, specially among whom are Southerland, Robbins and Latham, who played like fiends throughout the game and never failed to respond when they were called upon. Holland, Savage, Watson, King and Terry held our centre to perfection, and Wilson found they were impregnable. For Wilson, Moore, Grantham and Stronach put up a magnificent game, being in every play and fighting for every inch of mother earth. Moore played a remarkable game and one which has always characterised his playing with North Carolina's Varsity; though injured several times, he pluckily played on, fearing his comrades might become demoralized in his absence. Wilson's centre held ours remarkably well, considering the difference in weight. The score but gives a vague idea of the hard fought battle it was and our people may well feel proud of its team and its efficient coachers—Messrs. Hatch and Sinclair.

The boys have a game booked with the University of North Carolina boys on Thanksgiving day, and it is to be hoped at least 5,000 of our people will pass through the gates.

The Wilson team left for home last night, after giving farewells to our boys. After the game Wilmington gave her old reliable yell, and three cheers for Wilson.

Wilmington's fourth championship game of foot ball has been played and our boys have come out of the large end of the horn in all but one; so the STAR wishes them much success in their future efforts and knows, as she has always maintained, that they will give a good account of themselves, come what may.

"O, hurrah for the lad with the livid jowl,
Who's out for grime and gore!
May he kick all his foes with a kick in the nose,
For that's what we are living for!"

W. W. VICK.

PRESBYTERIAN SYNOD.

Report of Committee on Orphans' Home —Memorial Addresses—Report on the Colored Institute at Wadesboro.

[Newbern Journal.]

Synod was called to order Friday morning, by the last moderator, Rev. Eugene Daniel, D. D., and opened with prayer by Rev. William Black.

The special committee on Orphans' Home presented a report commending the cause of the Orphanage to the interest of the people, asking that the churches and Sabbath schools contribute every month to the support of the Home, and recommending that G. W. Walton, Esq., and Rev. J. W. Stagg, D. D., be appointed Regents to serve for five years.

The Committee on the Minutes of Assembly reported, calling attention to the recommendation of the Assembly as to the closing of postoffices on Sunday, and urging our people to secure petitions from the different committees, to be forwarded to the Third Assistant Postmaster General, for the sake of preventing the opening of the mails on Sunday. Several instances were mentioned where this plan had succeeded.

Rev. J. Henry Smith, D. D., was appointed to prepare a resolution of sympathy for Mrs. L. C. Vass in her affliction at the recent death of her husband, Rev. L. C. Vass, D. D.

Rev. Eugene Daniel, D. D., reported for the Committee on Bills and Overtures, recommending that the overture from Orange Presbytery be answered in the affirmative, that the overture touching the Sabbath school lessons be answered in the negative.

The hour having arrived for hearing the memorial of the ministers who have died during the Synodical year, Rev. P. R Law read the memorial of Rev. A. McQueen of Fayetteville Presbytery; Rev. J. Rumble, D.D., presented the memorial of the Rev. P. H. Dalton; Rev. Hugh Craig presented that of Rev. O. A. White; Rev. W. B Arrowood presented that of Rev. G. L. Walfe; Rev. H G. Hill, D. D., read the memorial of Rev. D. D. McBryde, whose loss Fayetteville Presbytery has suffered since its last meeting; Rev. P. H. Hoge, D. D., presented the memorial of Rev. Jno. A. Preston, D. D., beloved pastor of the First Presbyterian church of Charlotte.

The special committee reported on the work of the colored Academical and Industrial Institute at North Wadesboro. Thirty-seven pupils were enrolled last year and two buildings erected, two others being in course of erection now. The committee commends the work of the institute and the zeal of the principal, Rev. S. G. Walker. Rev. A. J. McKelway and Rev R. F. Campbell were re-elected, and Rev. R. E. Caldwell, Edward Fisley and Mr. Mountcastle were elected trustees. Rev. S. G. Walker was heard in the interest of the work. On motion of Rev. Dr. E. W. Smith it was directed that one-third of the December collections for colored evangelization be devoted to the cause of this institute, and forwarded to Mr. Geo. W. Watts, of Durham, treasurer. Rev. John M. Rose, D. D., was elected chairman of colored evangelization.

The stated clerk was directed to publish a list of the elders and deacons of the Synod.

Rev. William Black was elected Superintendent of Home Missions.

Rev. Eugene Daniel, D. D., as chairman of the committee of the Albemarle Presbytery, presided at the installation of Rev. G. L. Leyburn, D. D., pastor of Newbern church.

A collection was ordered for the colored industrial institute and taken up. The roll was called, the minutes read and the Synod adjourned to meet at Salisbury, Tuesday, November 4, 1897, at 7.30 p. m.

A Very Disorderly Negro.

There was a "wild time" on the river front late yesterday afternoon.

Police officers Holmes and Wells attempted to arrest Ed. Brown, a colored man from Brunswick county, who was drunk and disorderly at the foot of Market street. Brown resisted the officers, and in the struggle captured officer Holmes' cap and club and escaped for the time in the ferry boat leaving the dock. The affair was reported at police headquarters and officers Kuhl, Bender and Holmes were sent out to capture Brown. They overtook Brown on the causeway near the bridge over Brunswick river, brought him back to the city and lodged him in the guard house at the City Hall. Brown was still in a fighting humor when the officers overhauled him, but surrendered when confronted with a revolver. He threw the policeman's cap and club into the swamp before he surrendered, and after he was brought to this side of the river again attempted to escape.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents tf

December Patterns and Delineator have arrived at C. W. Polvogt & Co.'s. †

RALEIGH HAPPENINGS.

GOV. CARR FINDS SOMETHING TO BE THANKFUL FOR

And Issues a Proclamation—Republicans in the Next Legislature—Republican Opposition to the Lease of the Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad—The Rep.-Pop. Agreement as to Congressmen.

[Special Star Correspondence.]

RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 14.

Governor Carr has issued the usual Thanksgiving proclamation. Among other things His Excellency states that we have much to be thankful for, having enjoyed a proportionate measure of blessings and having escaped dire calamities which have befallen some less favored commonwealths. The 26th day of November is set apart as the day for thanksgiving.

Secretary Hyams says it is now positively settled that the Republicans will have 69 members of the Legislature on joint ballot—51 in the House and 18 in the Senate.

Mr. Hyams includes Easley, from Jackson county, in this number, who, he says, will be awarded the seat. It will be remembered that Easley, the Republican candidate, and the Democratic candidate received a tie vote. Mr. Hyams claims that fourteen or fifteen Democrats voted illegally and that the Legislature will seat the Republican.

It is also announced at Republican headquarters that Williamson and Clanton, from Mecklenburg county, will contest.

Maj. Grant arrived to-day. He defeated F. A. Daniels for the Senate by a majority of twenty. Remarkable to say this is the same majority received by Maj. Grant two years ago.

Republicans generally are violently opposed to the lease of the Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad. The injunction proceedings instituted yesterday were begun at the instance of the Republican leaders here. They say that the Democrats want to make the lease so as to take the road from the control of Governor-elect Russell. Maj. Grant says he knows this to be a fact, but that it will never be accomplished. "A good Republican will manage the road for the next four years," the major remarked.

At Republican headquarters the official vote is being recorded. The statement is made that Russel"s majority will not be as large as that of Reynolds.

Major Grant says that there is an unwritten law by which the Populists are to give the Republicans the nominations in the Congressional districts where they have had representatives for two terms. He says when fusion was arranged it was with the understanding that the Congressman elected should serve two terms.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

St. Matthew's English Lutheran church, Fourth street above Bladen, Rev. G. D. Bernheim pastor. Morning service at 11 o'clock; Evening service at 7.30 o'clock. Sunday school at 3.30 p. m. Seats all free, and every person cordially invited.

Services in St. John's church to-day by the pastor, Rev. Dr. Carmichael, at 7.45 and 11 a. m. and 4.30 p. m. Sunday school at 3.30 p. m.

Services in Seamen's Bethel to-day at 3 p. m., conducted by Rev. Dr. Carmichael. All seafaring and river men are most cordially invited to attend.

Rev. T. H. Leavett will preach at the Southside Baptist church, corner Fifth and Wooster streets, to day at 11 a. m. Everybody is invited to hear him.

St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran church, corner of Market and Sixth streets, Rev. K. Boldt, pastor—English service at 11 a. m.; German service at 7.30 p. m; Sunday school at 3 30 p. m.; meeting of the Christian Association at 4.30 p. m. All seats free.

St. Paul's church, Fourth and Orange streets, Rev. F. N. Skinner, rector. Services to-day, 24th Sunday after Trinity, at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday school at 3 30 p m. All seats free.

COLORED CHURCHES.

At the Central Baptist church, corner Seventh and Red Cross streets, Rev. L. T. Christmas, pastor. All are cordially welcome to the divine service at 10 30 a. m., 3 p. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m.

There will be preaching to-day at the First Baptist church, corner of Fifth and Campbell streets, at 11 a. m., 3 p. m., and at 8.30 p. m. there will be a sacred concert given by the Sunshine Band. Strangers and friends are always welcome. Joseph Spells pastor.

The Grand Order of I. R. Giddings and Jolliffee Union of the U. S. of America, will hold their anniversary celebration at the Central Baptist church on the fourth Sunday in November, at 8 p. m. The anniversary sermon will be preached by Rev. L. T. Christmas, the pastor.

St. Stephen's A. M. E. church, corner Fifth and Red Cross streets, Rev. E. J. Gregg pastor. Preaching to-day at 10.30 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. by the pastor; at 3 p. m., by Rev. J. N. Richardson. In the evening the pastor will review the year's work. A cordial invitation to all to worship with us.

For stylish Dress Goods and Silks visit C. W. Polvogt & Co., who have the largest stock in the city. Write for samples. †

Use nothing but Batterick patterns, sold in Wilmington by C. W. Polvogt & Co. †

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Salesmen—Merchants' Trade. $30 a week. New, quick, good. Light samples free. Side line or exclusive. Mfrs., 1041 Market St., Phila. nov 9 4t sun

Do you speculate? "Guide to Successful Speculation" mailed free. Wheat, provision, cotton and stock speculation on limited margins thoroughly explained. Correspondence solicited. Warren, Ford & Co., 11 Wall Street, New York. my 17 1y tu th su

Hay—Timothy Hay, mixed Clover Hay, Prairie Hay, Straw, Grain and all kinds of mixed feed for horses and cattle. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market St. Telephone 90. oct 17 tf

X offer to Discount any Price Lists for Groceries sent out by any other merchant by giving 5 cents worth more on their dollar off. If you don't believe it call on C. D. Jacobs, 218½ North Front street. oct 6 tf

The Dairy Restaurant No. 25 Market street is now open. Table first class. Open from 6 a. m. until 10 p. m. Give us a call. aug 15 tf

Hayden, F. Ha., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House 2m

THE MORNING STAR.

The elections are over, but there will be many events of great interest during the coming twelve months.

Congress meets the first Monday in December. The North Carolina Legislature assembles early in January. It will elect a United States Senator, and there will be a great struggle between the friends of silver and the friends of gold.

Governor-elect Russell will be inaugurated, and everybody will be anxious to know what will be his policy.

There are many other questions of great public interest to be discussed and settled, and those who wish to keep abreast of the times must have a daily newspaper.

From all over the State THE MORNING STAR has received praise and congratulations for the consistent and determined fight it made for Bimetallism and true Democracy in the recent campaign. More than this, the increase in its circulation during the past few months has never, we feel sure, been equalled in the history of North Carolina daily newspapers.

Are you a subscriber to THE MORNING STAR? If not, why not?

Do you want a first-class daily paper at $5.00 per year, or $1.25 for three months? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that prints the latest telegraphic news, the best local news, reliable market reports, excellent short stories, and the choicest miscellaneous matter? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do not forget that THE MORNING STAR is the cheapest daily of its class in North Carolina. Its price is $5.00, while the published price of others ranges from $7.00 to $8.00.

Wear W. B. Corsets | Sold only at C. W. Polvogt & Co.'s. †

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Newspaper Publishers.

An experienced Newspaper and Job Printer wishes employment on a weekly paper, in a small town.
Address "PRINTER,"
Wilmington, N. C.
No. 114 Ann street. nov 15 tf

Concord Chapter No. 1, R. A. M.

COMPANIONS—The regular Convocation will be held Monday evening, Nov. 16th at 8 o'clock.
W. A. MARTIN,
nov 15 1t Secretary.

Lost,

A BUNCH OF KEYS ON TURNPIKE ROAD between Wilmington and Marlboro Sound. Owner's name on key ring. Finder will be rewarded by returning same to
nov 13 tf STAR OFFICE.

For Rent,

THE STORE NO. 106 NORTH Water street, now occupied by J. L. Crosn & Co. Apply to
3 2t D O'CONNOR,
Real Estate Agent.

OPERA HOUSE.

Wednesday Evening, Nov. 18.
First presentation in the city of Hoyt's
"A MILK WHITE FLAG."
Absolutely and positively the genuine New York production.
Original cast of 50 people, Scenery, Costumes and Military Band.
Prices, 25 and 75 cts, $1 and $1 50.
nov 15 3t

Fruits in Their Season.

100 Bbls. No. 1 Baldwin APPLES.
75 Boxes L. L. RAISINS.
100 Bags COCOANUTS.
50 Boxes Mixed NUTS.
10 Bags ONIONS.
10 Bags Fresh POTATOES.
25 Bags Java RICE.
All for sale on close margins.
W. B. COOPER.
226 North Water St.,
nov 15 tf D&W Wilmington, N. C.

WHAT

more delicious for Tea than
Preserved Ginger.
To be had by the pound from me.
A fresh Edam to set off the table.
Kalamazoo Celery, fresh and brittle. Cocoanuts, Dates, cleaned Currants, Mince Meat.
S. W. SANDERS,
At the "Unlucky Corner.'
oct 28 tf

200 Barrels
New River Mullets
JUST RECEIVED.
250 BOXES TOBACCO, all grades.
30,000 CIGARS.
For Sale at Rock Bottom Prices.
SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,
19 Market Street.
oct 28 tf

Foreclosure Sale.

PURSUANT TO A DECREE OF THE Superior Court of New Hanover county, Fall term of 1896, on Monday, the 7th day of December next, at 11 o'clock a. m., I will expose to sale by auction, at the Court House door, for cash, to foreclose a mortgage made by F. W. Kerchner and Lydia C. Kerchner, to Hanson M. Bowden, registered in the Records of New Hanover county, in Book No. A, pages 203, 204 and 205, the following described property in this city: Beginning at a point in the Western line of Front street 180 feet from the intersection of Front and Nun streets, thence westwardly parallel with Nun street 240 feet, thence southwardly 66 feet, thence eastwardly parallel with Nun street 240 feet, thence northwardly in the western line of Front street, 66 feet to the beginning.
THOMAS EVANS,
nov 2 4t da 4 sun Commissioner.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

C. W. Yates & Co.,

Wilmington, N. C.

The Largest Stationery House in the State.

We make a specialty of Bank, Railroad and Office Supplies, and respectfully solicit your orders for the following:

Blank Books, Stationery.

Ledgers, Letter Copying Books,
Colored Pencils, Journals,
Copying Presses,
Sealing Wax, Day Books,
Copying Brushes, Records,
Tin Cash Boxes, Ink Stands,
Inks and Mucilage,
Counter Books, Arm Rests,
Blotting Paper, Check Books,
Rubber Bands, Letter Paper,
Note Books, Erasers,
Foolscap Paper, Receipt Books,
Letter and Bill Files,
Legal Cap Paper, Bills Payable,
Bills Receivable Books,
Paper Clips, Writing Pads,
Price Books, Office Baskets,
Memorandum Books,
Invoice Books,
Vest Pocket Memo.,
Desk Baskets, Steel Pens,
Penholders, Lead Pencils,
Letter Files, Binding Cases,
Office Pins, Trial Balance Books,
Time Books,
Duplicate Order Books, etc.

The above is only a partial list of the many articles we carry for office use. nov 15 tf

FULL DRESS SHOES.

LATEST STYLES.
PETERSON & RULFS,
oct 29 tf 7 North Front Street.

OPERA HOUSE.

Wednesday Evening, Nov. 18.
First presentation in the city of Hoyt's
"A MILK WHITE FLAG."
Absolutely and positively the genuine New York production.
Original cast of 50 people, Scenery, Costumes and Military Band.
Prices, 25 and 75 cts, $1 and $1 50.
nov 15 3t

FOR ALL,

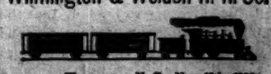
young and old, we can and do furnish the best foot-wear made. The better the Shoes the better it pays to buy them. Poor Shoes are dear at any price. Our $1.25 and $1.50 Boy Shoes are trade winners. Our $1.50 Franklin Ladies' Shoes will wear equal to any $2.00 sold. Give us a trial.

Geo. R. French & Sons.
nov 1 tf

We Do Not Sell the Cheap Kind of Witch Hazel.

It does not pay to do so. Our brand is HAZEL BLOOM and it is absolutely pure. When you buy Medicine buy the best, it is cheapest in the long run. We ask 25 cents a pint for our Hazel Bloom.
JAMES D. NUTT,
nov 13 tf The Druggist.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY
Wilmington & Weldon R. R. Co.



WILMINGTON, N. C., Nov. 12th, 1896.

THE SIXTY-FIRST ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Wilmington & Weldon Rail-road Company will be held at the office of the company at Wilmington, N. C. on Wednesday, November 18th, 1896, at 12 o'clock M.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta Railroad Company, will be held immediately after the adjournment of the W. & W. stockholders' meeting.

JAMES F. POST, Jr.,
Sec'y W. & W. and W. C. & A. R. R. Co.
nov 14 tdl nov 18

NOTICE.

PETITION WILL BE MADE TO THE Board of Aldermen of the city of Wilmington by the undersigned for permission to cover with platform, to a distance of 47

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, NOV. 15, 1896

FOXY JOHN SHERMAN.

Senator Sherman was in New York a few days ago and was interviewed by a press agent who sought his views on the outlook for tariff legislation, &c. He is reported as follows:

"It will be necessary to pass a tariff measure at once," he said. "The Dingley bill, with some changes, will do for the present. The Democrats made a great mistake in not permitting that bill to pass in the last Congress. It was only a temporary measure, intended to raise the revenue that the Government absolutely needed, and if the Democrats had let it go through there would have been no necessity for bond issues, and the Democratic Administration would have escaped a great deal of the censure and criticism that was heaped upon it. Of course it was right to issue bonds to save the credit of the nation, but the Dingley measure would have obviated the necessity. I would accept the Dingley bill as it is, although some changes might be advisable. It would be in force only a year and a half, and would give us the revenue we need."

"Do you think the Democrats in the Senate would oppose the bill?" was asked.

"I doubt it." Senator Sherman replied. "I should think they, like the silver Senators, would not obstruct legislation. I understand all the silver men except Teller and Dubois are opposed to a policy of obstruction. If the Dingley bill is passed at the coming session of Congress there will be no necessity for an extraordinary session after March 4. Considering everything, I think that the outlook for the passage of the bill is bright."

"Do you think that the Republicans will have a majority in the Senate?" was asked.

"That is doubtful," was the reply. "Nobody can tell yet whether Republicans or Democrats will go to the Senate from Kentucky and North Carolina. Until those States elect their Senators it will be impossible to say which side will have a majority."

This as a whole is interesting, because it comes from one of the headlights of the Republican party and one who may be supposed to be pretty well posted on what is going on in the inner council of that party.

It is interesting, too, in view of the fact that early in the campaign Senator Sherman, in reply to a letter of inquiry, said that there was no hope of doing anything in the way of tariff legislation for at least two years, as the Senate would be in the way even if McKinley should be elected and be supported by a majority in the House of Representatives. This letter was given to the public, as it was doubtless intended to be when it was written. In commenting upon it at the time, we incidentally remarked that this was in all probability a cute ruse of the wiley Sherman to quiet the fears of Democrats who were opposed to Bryan but who would hesitate to vote for McKinley if they thought there was danger of high tariff legislation. As the thing turned out, with the small figure the tariff cut in the campaign, this ruse may not have been necessary, for the gold Democrats walked up and cast a nearly solid vote for McKinley and took their chances on the tariff, but the fact that Mr. Sherman now changes base and talks of the "necessity of tariff legislation," as if he had never said there was no prospect of it for at least two years shows that our suspicions were pretty well founded.

Is there any more necessity for tariff legislation now than there was before the election, when the Ohio statesman indited that reply to the enquiring Salem man? Not a bit; but Mr. Sherman thinks he sees a prospect to secure it and hence the necessity. In this connection he also throws out a hint that if the Democrats want to avoid an extra session of Congress and the chances of getting a tariff bill that they will not like as well as the Dingley bill, they had better offer no obstruction to that, but let it go through. The Dingley scheme, he thinks, will do for the present, which means that when the Republicans have secured that, which will give about fifteen per cent. more protection than is given by the Wilson bill, and can count on votes enough in House and Senate, they will fix up a bill to suit themselves and the protected manufacturers like Mark Hanna and put it through.

How quickly, when they have succeeded in electing their ticket, they forget their utterances on the hustings and in their organs. During the campaign, when they spoke of the tariff, the cry was for a tariff that would raise revenue enough to meet the expenses of the Government. They were as dumb as a mummy on the tariff for protection, and attributed the embarrassment of the Treasury to the fact that the Wilson bill did not produce revenue enough, although it produced more than the McKinley bill did for a corresponding period after its passage. Now Mr. Sherman informs us through this interview that the Dingley bill will produce the necessary revenue, and will therefore do for the present. If they were honest when they were talking to the people about a tariff for revenue and the Dingley bill, if passed, will produce the necessary revenue, as Mr. Sherman says it will, why follow that with another bill when they think they are strong enough to pass another? If it will do for the present and supply the needed revenue, why will it not do as a regular thing, if revenue is what they are after? Do they think it safe now to trifle with the people who were told one thing while those who talked to them had another thing in view which they did not deem it politic to admit?

There isn't one of them who did not lead people to believe that there was no intention of doing anything more than forming tariff legislation to put the Government in a position to command revenue enough to meet its demands, which they said could be done with moderate changes in the existing law, and that is all the people expected when they voted for McKinley, to whose tariff notions thousands were opposed, but voted for him on the money question, believing that the tariff issue was relegated. Some of them may be surprised and may regard these utterances of Senator Sherman as a violation of faith, although people who are familiar with the manner in which Republican party leaders have been in the habit of trifling with the people after elections, when successful, are not surprised in the least.

MINOR MENTION.

During the campaign preceding the election many of the gold organs admitted the fact that the result in several of the Western States, which would decide the election, would depend on the foreign vote of States like Minnesota, Wisconsin, Illinois, Ohio and others, where it was confessed that the native born population were hopelessly "infected with the silver craze." Since the election Mr. McKinley has acknowledged his obligations to the "sound money" Democrats who voted for him and aided in his election, and so has Mr. Hanna and Senator Sherman, but neither of these nor any other prominent Republican has recognized the services of the adopted citizens who came to the rescue of the gold standard. But the distinguished Larry Godkin, who imported himself into this country some years ago and sheds his effulgence through the editorial columns of the New York *Post*, an American paper edited from a British standpoint, doesn't propose to have his fellow-adopted ignored nor slighted, and consequently goes through the statistics to show that if it had hadn't been for the foreign vote the gold standard would have been knocked winding, and the Goddess of Liberty would now be sitting shame-faced on the ragged edge of repudiation and national dishonor. The figures, according to Larry, show that the Southern States have from 1 to 26 per cent. of people of foreign parentage, the New England from 23 to 59 per cent., and the West from 35 to 79 per cent., and the awful thing is that where the foreign salt preservative was the scarcest there the silver craze did most rage and that man Bryan got the most votes, and that it was only where the foreign preservative was struck that the people went "overwhelmingly right." The logical deduction from this is that the majority of the American born people are, according to Larry, innate reprobates and a conscienceless mob, who are restrained by the salutary influence of imports of the Larry Godkin moral structure, which does not include the weak-minded or morally deformed adopted citizens who voted the Democratic ticket. Another logical deduction is that a majority of the native born people of this country have some national pride and believe that this country should be independent enough to have a financial policy of its own, and be consistent and brave enough to insist on that, while it insists on an independent tariff policy. The native citizen, who is not engaged directly or indirectly in business with the foreign money lenders, or is not influenced by them, believes that this country is able to take care of itself and competent to manage its financial matters without foreign assistance, and that it should do it.

* * *

The St. Louis *Star*, which has taken great interest in assisting Mr. McKinley to form his Cabinet, has selected Senator Pritchard, of this State, for Secretary of the Navy. We are glad to see a paper away out in the central West, and a *Star* of respectable magnitude, too, rushing to the front to recognize the eminent ability and looming claims of our Madison county statesman, to whom Mr. McKinley is so much indebted for his nomination and election, for if he had never been nominated he most surely would never have been elected, and if Senator Pritchard had not flopped and led the Southern stampede to the Canton aspirant he might never have been nominated. But with all due respect to our Western contemporary and namesake, we must say that it did not show discriminating judgment when it selected the place for Senator Pritchard at the head of the Navy Department, where he could never show what is in him. Although the field covers all the unfenced salt seas, and all the fresh water within our domain deep enough to float a torpedo boat, it is not large enough for him, nor adapted to his peculiar genius. The Treasury is the place for him, for he has shown more aptitude and dexterity in grappling and mastering the financial problem than any other statesman at large, not even excepting the astonishingly precocious and brilliant Mr. Eckels. Up to the time of the meeting of the St. Louis Convention, Senator Pritchard was a free silver man, but in less than twenty-four hours after he brushed up against Bosses Platt, Quay & Co., he saw through the whole thing, saw the weakness of silver and the strength of the gold standard, and got the thing which it took Secretary Carlisle (who is mentally no slouch) Mr. McKinley and numerous other statesmen a long time to get fixed in their noggins, down fine between two suns. With such an exhibition of masterful ability, and intuitive quickness in solving the perplexing monetary problem, who can doubt that the top rung in the Treasury ladder is the proper roost for Jeter? No more of this marine business. He would be lost to the country even as a "hoss marine."

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Concord *Standard*: We chronicle to-day the not unexpected demise of Col. John Shimpoch, Mt. Pleasant's most aged and most conscientious citizen. His death occurred this (Friday) morning. He celebrated his 89th birthday on October the 7th with his interesting relatives about him.

— Jonesboro *Progress*: Mr. J. B. Watson informs us that Mrs. Laughlin McDonald, near Swann Station, has two dresses that were made in Scotland more than a hundred years ago. They are made of white flax, beautifully worked and stamped with flowers, and are in the Scotch styles "ye olden time."

— Red Springs *Citizen*: Mrs. Elizabeth Gay died at the residence of Mr. D. Lancaster last Monday night. Mrs. Gay had been a great sufferer for a long time, and her death was no surprise to her friends. Her home was at Cumberland Mills, and she was brought here about three months ago, thinking the change might be for the better.

— Winston *Sentinel*: A good story is told at the expense of Congressman Settle—and he failed to deny or confirm it when he was in Winston Wednesday. It is said that Tommy placed $1,000 in the hands of Sheriff Hoskins to be used in carrying Guilford for Settle. The fact that Hoskins ran away ahead of the Republican ticket, being elected by a large majority, and that Tommy lost the county, the report says that Mr. Kitchin's opponent has suspicions Hoskins used that $1,000 in "paddling his own canoe."

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— The Republican politicians have dropped their flags and all high sounding phrases about preserving the credit of the nation, and are engaged in a mad rush on the patronage. The sight of office usually has this effect on the men who make their living out of politics.—*New York Journal, Dem.*

—— "If it were not for the Senators representing rottenborough silver States," says the Philadelphia *Press*, "there would be no question of a sound money Republican and tariff majority in the next Senate." As the rottenborough States in question were admitted in order to supply needed Republican tariff votes in the Senate a few years ago, the force and quality of the *Press*' private reflections just now can be readily understood.—*Charleston News and Courier, Dem.*

—— The publication of Mr. Watson's letter of acceptance will probably mark the inauguration of the war between Watson and Butler for the leadership of the Populist party for the next four years, and for that party's nomination for the Presidency in 1900. It seems to be the accepted opinion that Watson and Butler will each endeavor to be the next Presidential nominee, and that both will work to prevent Bryan or any other Democrat from receiving Populistic endorsement four years hence.—*Savannah News, Dem.*

TWINKLINGS.

— "Marriage is a feast of life."

"Yes, and divorce is washing the dishes and returning them to their former places."—*Washington Star.*

— "Jamie," called his mother, sharply, "you've been loafing all day. Satan always finds some work for idle hands to do. Take this basket and bring in some kindlings."—*Christian Advocate.*

— "Will you run for office again?" asked the politician's acquaintance.

"My friend," was the earnest and deliberate reply, "I wasn't running for office."

"Why—er—everything thought you were."

"I thought so, too. But I have discovered that I took the wrong route."—*Washington Star.*

— Manager—I am convinced that Mme. Tremolini is passionately fond of this country.

Assistant—They all say that.

Manager—Yes, but she is willing to come back here for only twice the salary she can get in Europe.—*Brooklyn Life.*

— "What a liar Featherhorn is!"

"Eh?"

"Now that everybody is going about saying 'I told you so,' Featherhorn is pretending that he never had any idea how the election would go."—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— "Uncle Simon, why does all the world love a lover?"

"Because they know he will be spending money as long as he can raise a cent."—*Chicago Record.*

— "Well, Mr. Benedict," said the physician, "you scarcely expected triplets to begin with."

"No, I didn't," replied the disconsolate man. "I prefer my family on the installment plan."—*Life.*

— Griggsby—"When you were abroad did you go to see any of the autocrats or despots?"

Standby—"No; I went abroad in search of novelties. You know that I have had a long experience with janitors on this side of the water."—*Boston Transcript.*

APPOINTMENTS.

Wilmington District—W. S. Rone, P. E.
Magnolia circuit, Providence, November 15, 16.
Columbus circuit, Cerro Gordo, November 20 21.
Whiteville and Fair Bluff, Whiteville, Nov. 22, 23.
Waccamaw circuit, Zion, Nov. 24.
Bladen circuit, Antioch, Nov. 26, 29.
Wilmington, Bladen Street, Dec. 3.
Onslow circuit, Tabernacle, Dec. 5, 6

For Over Fifty Years

MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

WHAT SHALL I DO?

BY SCHILLER.

What shall I do lest life in silence pass?
And if I do,
And never prompt the bray of noisy brass
What needst thou rue?'
Remember, aye the ocean deeps are mute;
The shallows roar.
Worth is the ocean—Fame is but the brink
Along the shore.

What shall I do to be forever known?
Thy duty ever.
This did full many who yet slept unknown—
Oh! never, never!
Thinkst thou, perchance, that they remain unknown
Whom thou knowest not?
By angel-trumps in heaven their praise is blown—
Divine their lot.

What shall I do to gain eternal life?
Discharge aright
The simple dues with which each day is rife;
Yea, with my might.
Ere perfect scheme of action devise
Will life be fled.
While he who ever acts as conscience cries
Shall live, though dead.

SUNDAY SELECTIONS.

— Whoever has a bad habit has a master.

— When the outlook is not good try the uplook.

— We best serve ourselves when we best serve others.

— The brightest of all things, the sun, hath its spots.

— Heridity and environment are the master influences of the organic world. These have made all of us what we are. These forces are still ceaselessly playing on all our lives.—*Drummond.*

—Edward Everett Hale once said to a friend, "Never bear but one kind of trouble at a time," and added: "Some people bear three kinds—all they have had, all they have now, and all they expect to have."

— Dedication and prayer are the indispensable background to any Christian work worth doing. And without them Christian living fails of acquiring that depth without which Christian doing is sure to be superficial and ineffective.—*H. C. Trumbull.*

— A religion that does not pacify the home cannot regenerate the race: one that depraves the home is certain to deprave humanity. Motherhood is to be sacred if manhood is to be honorable. Spoil the wife of sanctity and for man the sanctities of life have perished.—*Dr. Fairbain.*

— Character formed according to the truth as presented in God's word is the only thing that will avail in the sight of God, and men are more and more inclined to estimate each other by the same standard. It is a hard matter now for a man known to be bad to secure office. A few years from now it will be impossible.

— Condemn sin of every kind. There is nothing on earth or in hell that is worse than sin; it is the one thing hateful to God. "It is not for you to be always using the knife; deal gently. No man was more bitter against sin than Christ, yet he was tender when there was relenting and a sign of repentance. Be patient, deal gently, kindly; be as nearly attached to your people as your Master was.—*Bishop Wilson to Young Preachers.*

Appointments for Visitation by the Bishop of East Carolina.

November 18, Wednesday, Williamston, Advent.
November 20, Friday, Greenville, S. Paul's.
November 22, Sunday, before Advent, M. P., Beaufort county, Zion Church.
November 23, Monday, before Advent, E. P., Washington, S. Peter's.
November 26, Thursday, Thanksgiving, Chocowinity, Trinity.
November 27, Friday, Beaufort county, Calvary Chapel.
November 29th, Sunday, 1st in Advent, M. P., Pitt county, S. John's.
November 29, Sunday, 1st in Advent, E. P., Pitt county, S. Michael's.
December 2, Wednesday, Pitt county, Dawson's School House.
December 6, Sunday, 2d in Advent, M. P., Lenoir county, Holy Innocents.
December 6, Sunday, 2d in Advent, E. P., Kinston, S. Mary's.
December 8, Tuesday, E. P., Trenton, Grace.
December 9, Wednesday, Com., Trenton, Grace.
December 13 Sunday, 3rd in Advent, M. P., Snow Hill, S. Barnabas.
December 15, Tuesday, M. P., Farmville, Emanuel.
December 16, Wednesday, E. P., Hamilton, S. Martin's.
December 17, Thursday, Com., Hamilton, S. Martin's.
December 18, Friday, E. P., Winston, S. John's.
December 19, Saturday, Com., Winston, S. John's.
December 20, Sunday, 4th in Advent, Murfreesboro, S. Barnabas.
December 25, Christmas, Woodville, Bertie county, Grace.
December 27, Sunday after Christmas, M. P., Roxobel, S. Mark's.
M. P.—Morning Prayer.
E. P.—Evening Prayer.
Com.—Communion.
At all Morning Services the Holy Communion.
The Vestries will please be ready to meet the Bishop.
The Children will please be prepared to be catechised.
Offerings for Diocesan Missions unless otherwise announced.

Mr. Ruskin's Sermon.

It is, or used to be, the heart's desire of nearly every Scottish parent that one son of the family should be a minister, or, as they say, "wag his pow in a pu'pit."

Perhaps it was owing to some such feeling as this that Mr. Ruskin's father and mother were most anxious he should enter the church.

Years afterward, when the son had grown famous as a writer on art, his father declared he would have been a bishop by that time had he taken holy orders.

When Ruskin was a child, however—and there may have been talk at home of what he was to be when a man—he did preach at least one homily.

The little boy got a red cushion, and then, standing up and thumping it, he delivered this sermon, "People, be good."

And an excellent sermon too.—Pearson's Weekly.

Horse of Commons "Bulls."

Two rather good "bulls" are attributed to the late Sir George Campbell. On one occasion he had been calling attention in the house of commons to some abuse in Indian administration and proceeded to observe that he had further revelations to make concerning other scandals in comparison with which this one was "a mere flea bite in the ocean." Another time, when speaking about military affairs in India, he declared that "the pale face of the British soldier was the backbone of our Indian army."—London Spectator.

Her Style.

Mrs. White—Oh, you've got a new pair of glasses!

Mrs. Greene—Yes; when I went into the store, I didn't know what to say when the young man asked me if I'd have condolence or complex, but I finely took a pair of peristaltic. The name sounded so genteel, you know, that I made up my mind at once to take them.—Boston Transcript.

Do not allow your system to get weak and debilitated. It is easy to keep well and strong by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. †

HIS RECOMPENSE.

"Finished at last!"

Martin Bruce spoke the words with a sigh of utter weariness and lifted his head from his work, taking the magnifying glass from one eye as he did so.

Upon the table before him was a large steel plate, on which he had engraved a design requiring the most delicate and careful work, and to which he had given several days of continuous labor.

"That poor child," he muttered, and listened to a sound of suppressed sobbing coming from above his half opened door.

With the cloud still upon his face he went to the landing and looked up the narrow staircase leading to the attic.

As he expected, he saw the little figure crouched upon the upper stair, the head low over folded arms, with bare feet.

The sobbing, though distinctly audible, was evidently carefully choked down.

"Trixy!" Martin said in a low tone.

In a moment the child was beside him, with a quick, darting motion that suited well the slender figure, thin to painful angularity, the face that was almost impish in its look of want and precocity.

Martin Bruce, tall and strong, with a handsome blond face, bent low and met the gaze of large, intensely black eyes swollen and inflamed by tears.

Silently he lifted the child, and taking her into his own room closed the door.

"What's the trouble now?" he asked.

"I dropped the pitcher full of milk."

"When?"

"I couldn't help it," sobbed the child. "It was so heavy that my fingers got all stiff with ache, and before I knew it my wrists just gave a twist and down it all went."

"Whipped?"

"Oh, didn't she! See!"

And a ragged sack was slipped down to show the sickening welts upon the thin shoulders. Martin Bruce gave a shudder as he looked, and going to a washstand brought some arnica, which he mixed in cool water, and tenderly bathed the wounds with an old handkerchief.

Trixy nestled close to the hand extended to caress her gently as these words were spoken, the only hand in the big boarding house that was ever filled with kindness for her.

"Fourteen," he said again. "Trixy, it is time you were at school, if you are ever to go!"

"Away from you?"

"I am going to Paris."

Utter, blank misery fell over the child's face.

"To Paris!" she whispered, with white, shaking lips.

"Yes, Trixy, for three years. You will be quite a woman when I come back."

Six years later, in a hotel in Nice, a beautiful girl dressed in deep mourning and an elderly woman, who seemed a sort of confidential servant, were seated upon the wide piazza.

Suddenly the girl, who had been carelessly scanning the many unfamiliar faces, grasped her companion's arm, saying:

"Do you know who that is?" pointing as she spoke to a tall man with a shade over his eyes, who was seated upon a bench in the square.

"Yes, ma'amselle," said the servant in French, "that is the blind gentleman who is here under the care of Dr. Bannoire. But is it not dreadful? So handsome! So strong and hopelessly blind!"

"Hopelessly blind!

"So they say! He was injured by the work he did—fine work that tired his eyes—I do not know what it was. And he came here to Dr. Bannoire, hoping to be cured. But it is useless. He can never see again!"

The young lady addressed rose as her servant spoke, and crossing the piazza stepped lightly down the steps and straight to the bench upon which the blind man was seated.

Without preface, without introduction, she said:

"I think, sir, I recognize you as a gentleman who placed a child in a school some years ago—a school where I was teacher for a short time."

The sightless eyes were turned quickly toward the speaker.

"I was deeply interested in such a child. Can you give me any tidings of her?"

"She left the school to travel with Mrs. Elwyn, an elderly lady in feeble health. Before she had been six months with Mrs. Elwyn that lady was convinced that she had found the child of a very dear sister who had eloped from home years before and whose life and death had been shrouded in mystery. Further inquiry only confirmed the facts, as the child remembered them, and when Mrs. Elwyn died here in Nice six months ago she left her entire property to Beatrice Moore, her niece."

"Then Trixy is an heiress?"

"Yes. It was one of the marvelous dispensations of Providence we dare call accident that took Mrs. Elwyn to the school. There Trixy's strong resemblance to her sister attracted her notice, and she inquired about her. Finding she was anxious to obtain employment, she engaged her as companion for a continental trip."

"I am very glad! Do you know where she is?"

A little hand fell lightly upon one lying on the knee of Martin Bruce, and his was lifted to touch a soft, round cheek. A voice, low and tender, said very softly:

"Have you forgotten me?"

"Trixy," he exclaimed, "I have never forgotten you! But you are no longer the little child I left years ago!"

"No," was the half mournful answer. "I am a woman now. But you will not send me from you. You will let me remain beside you and be your eyes and hands?"

"Ah, Trixy, no! Your youth and beauty—for I know you are beautiful—must never be taxed by such a heavy charge. Do you know I can never see you again?"

The prospect of separation nerved her as no other prospect could have done, and she sought the bench where she had met Martin Bruce daily with a resolution that made her cheek burn.

"Martin," she said gently, "but few women dare to take their life's happiness into their own hands."

"Trixy," her lover said, "you deceive yourself. You think gratitude forces you to"—

A soft hand closed his lips.

"Do you love me, Martin?"

"With my whole heart!"

"As I love you?"

"Trixy, I dare not take you at your word!"

"But you will! I have loved you for six years, Martin. I will not lose you again."—Cincinnati Post.

A splendid Military Spectacle.

The journal of Miss Mary Grace Thornton, daughter of the British embassador, describing the coronation of the late czar of Russia, is printed in The Century. Miss Thornton says:

The programme here announced representatives of the haute noblesse. I didn't see them. I did see 60 footmen, the emperor's Arabs, and 95 chasseurs on foot, all looking very much out of place. Then began a long line of state carriages, containing various state dignitaries. These carriages had each six white horses and were very well appointed. Indeed, the number of fine horses, fine carriages, and fine things altogether, and the sumptuousness of all the arrangements, were very remarkable, as were the quantities of troops collected in Moscow—an army in themselves. Then came a blaze of color. The first detachment of the Chevaliers Gardes, in their white uniform, with shining breastplates and helmets, above which soared the imperial eagle, followed by the Garde a Cheval on their splendid black horses, their uniform in every point the same except that of color. To see these troops sweep up toward the Kremlin, the light catching their shining silver and gold, and their red and yellow pennons fluttering in the wind, was a magnificent sight. Two military men who were with us were much impressed, and though in matter of detail these men are nowhere near ours at home, yet they thought it remarkable that such numbers should be turned out so well and that the horses, for instance, far surpassed ours.

Not In It.

He was declaring his passion for the American heiress in the most glowing sentences of a lover's eloquence.

"I will be your serf—your slave—your"—

"You will be my lord," she interrupted softly, and he knew then that her millions could never be his, for he had no title.—Detroit Free Press.

More than half the world's supply of tin is mined in the Straits Settlements at the tip of the Malay peninsula.

Bank

President Isaac Lewis of Sabina, Ohio, is highly respected all through that section. He has lived in Clinton Co. 75 years, and has been president of the Sabina Bank 20 years. He gladly testifies to the merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and what he says is worthy attention. All brain workers find Hood's Sarsaparilla peculiarly adapted to their needs. It makes pure, rich, red blood, and from this comes nerve, mental, bodily and digestive strength.

"I am glad to say that Hood's Sarsaparilla is a very good medicine, especially as a blood purifier. It has done me good many times. For several years I suffered greatly with pains of

Neuralgia

in one eye and about my temples, especially at night when I had been having a hard day of physical and mental labor. I took many remedies, but found help only in Hood's Sarsaparilla which cured me of rheumatism, neuralgia and headache. Hood's Sarsaparilla has proved itself a true friend. I also take Hood's Pills to keep my bowels regular, and like the pills very much." ISAAC LEWIS, Sabina, Ohio.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy in effect. 25 cents.

Made from the Purest, Ripest and Sweetest leaf grown in the Golden Belt of North Carolina. Cigarette Book goes with each 2-oz. pouch.

ALL FOR 10 CENTS.

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THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY. †

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As a remedy for all forms of Headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only Fifty cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	6
Standard		@	6¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	14
Sides ℔ ℔	6	@	7
Shoulders ℔ ℔	6	@	6¾
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	4½	@	4¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔	4	@	4¼
BARRELS—spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 10
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ℔ ℔	23	@	24
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	5 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	15	@	
N rthern	23	@	
CORN MEAL—			
Per Bushel, in sacks	40	@	45¼
Virginia Meal	40	@	40
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	1 10
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	9	@	10
CHEESE ℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream	11	@	12
Skim		@	10
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	20	@	
Rio	19	@	19
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5¾
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18	@	20
Candles	7½	@	8
FISH—			
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	23 00
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ half-barrel	11 00	@	11 50
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ℔ barrel	12 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	4 00	@	5 00
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	5 75	@	6 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ bbl	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔		@	10
Extra	3 25	@	3 50
FLOUR—℔ barrel—			
Low grade	3 25	@	3 00
Choice	3 25	@	3 35
Straight	4 10	@	4 00
Fine Patent	4 25	@	4 50
GLUE—℔ ℔—			7@9
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White		@	40½
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White		@	40
Corn, cargo, in bags—White		@	40
Oats, from store	32	@	32½
Oats, Rust Proof	40	@	40
Cow Peas	45	@	50
HIDES, ℔ ℔—			
Green		@	6
Dry		@	8
HAY, ℔ 100 lbs—			
Eastern		@	1 00
Western		@	90
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	4	@	4½
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	5	@	6
North Carolina	6	@	7
LIME, ℔ barrel		@	1 35
LUMBER (city sawed), ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, sawed	12 00	@	2000
Rough-edge Plank	13 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	20 00	@	32 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
New Cuba, in hhds		@	30
" in bbls		@	33
Porto Rico, in hhds	35	@	30
" in bbls		@	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	18	@	14
" in bbls	14	@	15
Syrup, in bbls	15	@	
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut 20d basis	3 25	@	2 60
PORK, ℔ ℔ brl—			
City Mess	8 50	@	9 00
Rump		@	8 00
Prime		@	8 00
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	10
SALT, ℔ sack "Alum"		@	75
Liverpool		@	65
Lisbon		@	
Asiatic		@	55
On 100 ℔ Sacks	40	@	45
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	2 00	@	2 50
Cypress	3 00	@	3 50
Common Pine	2 00	@	2 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Granu'd		@	4½
Standard A		@	4¼
White, Ex. C		@	4¼
Ex. C, Golden	4	@	4¼
C, Yellow		@	3¾
SOAP, ℔ box—Northern	3½	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	3 00	@	14 00
" O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	7 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 00	@	6 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	5 00
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
TALLOW, ℔ ℔	5	@	5
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon—Northern	1 25	@	1 25
North Carolina	1 00	@	1 00

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, November 14.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market dull at 25¼ cents per gallon for machine-made casks, and 24¾ cents for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1 50 per bbl for Strained and $1 55 for Good Strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1 05 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Firm. Hard 1 40, Yellow Dip 2 00, and Virgin 1 90 per barrel.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine 25½@24½c; rosin, strained, $1 25; good strained, $1 30; tar $1 10; crude turpentine $1 10, 1 50, 2 60.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	99
Rosin	765
Tar	88
Crude Turpentine	149

Receipts same day last year—123 casks spirits turpentine, 891 bbls rosin, 833 bbls tar, 45 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON

Market steady on a basis of 7¼c for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	4¾	cts ℔ lb
Good Ordinary	6¼	" "
Low Middling	6¾	" "
Middling	7¼	" "
Good Middling	7 9-16	" "

Same day last year, middling 8c.

Receipts—3,304 bales; same day last year 889.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 40@50c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 55c; Fancy, 60@65c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 60@65c; Fancy 65@70c.

CORN—Firm; 38 to 40 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 9 to 11½c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 7½c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2 25; six inch, $2.50 to 3 50; seven inch, $3 50 to 4.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $3.00 to 7.50 per M.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, November 14—Evening.—Money on call was quoted easy at 3 @4 per cent. Prime mercantile paper quoted at 5@6 per cent. Sterling exchange was weak, with actual business in bankers bills 481½@483 sixty days and 485@485¼ for demand. Commercial bills 480@481. Government bonds steady; United States coupon fours 109½; United States twos 95. State bonds dull; North Carolina fours 95; North Carolina sixes 114. Railroad bonds higher.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to day was quiet.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, November 14—Evening.—Cotton dull; middling gull 8¼c; middling 8c.

Cotton futures—market closed steady; November 7 84, December 7 87, January 7 78, February 7 85, March 7 92, April 7 97, May 8 03, June 8 03, July 8 08 Sales 124,100 bales.

Cotton—net receipts — bales; gross 7,870 bales; exports to Great Britain —— bales; to France —— bales; to the Continent —— bales; forwarded 16 bales; sales — bales; sales to spinners — bales; stock 188,741 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 38,729 bales; exports to Great Britain 27,698 bales; to France —— bales; to the Continent 31,214 bales; stock 1,040 884 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 2 915,186 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,007,078 bales; exports to France 215,216 bales; exports to the Continent 602,931 bales.

Flour was dull, firm and unchanged; Southern flour was dull but steady, common to fair extra $3 35@3 45; good to choice $3 45@3 60. Wheat—spot quiet and easier, with options closing steady; ungraded red 88@89c; No. 2 Northern 91¼c; options opened weak and declined 1@1¾c, advanced ¾@1¼c and closed steady at ¾@1¼c under yesterday, with a fairly active trade; No. 2 red November 87c, December 88c

Castoria

for

Infants and Children.

MOTHERS

Do You Know that Paregoric, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, many so-called Soothing Syrups and most remedies for children are composed of opium or morphine?

Do You Know that opium and morphine are stupefying narcotic poisons?

Do You Know that in most countries druggists are not permitted to sell narcotics without labeling them poison?

Do You Know that Castoria is a purely vegetable preparation, and that a list of its ingredients is published with every bottle?

Do You Know that Castoria is the prescription of the famous Dr. Samuel Pitcher? That it has been in use for nearly thirty years, and that more Castoria is now sold than of all other remedies for children combined?

Do You Know that you should not permit any medicine to be given your child unless you or your physician know of what it is composed?

Do You Know that when possessed of this perfect preparation, your children may be kept well and that you may have unbroken rest?

Well These Things are worth knowing. They are facts.

Children Cry

FOR PITCHER'S

Castoria

CASTORIA DESTROYS WORMS, ALLAYS FEVERISHNESS, CURES DIARRHŒA AND WIND COLIC, RELIEVES TEETHING TROUBLES AND CURES CONSTIPATION AND FLATULENCY.

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For Infants and Children

Do not be imposed upon, but insist upon having Castoria, and see that the fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on the wrapper. We shall protect ourselves and the public at all hazards.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY ST., N. Y.

FASHIONS CHANGE

BUT

POZZONI'S

Complexion

POWDER

REMAINS ALWAYS THE SAME.

The finest, purest and most beautifying toilet powder ever made. It is soothing, healing, healthful and harmless; and when rightly used IS INVISIBLE. If you have never tried

POZZONI'S

you do not know what an IDEAL COMPLEXION POWDER is.

IT IS SOLD EVERYWHERE.

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B.B.B. BOTANIC BLOOD BALM

THE GREAT REMEDY

FOR ALL BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES

Has been thoroughly tested by eminent physicians and the people for 40 years, and cures quickly and permanently

SCROFULA, ULCERS, ECZEMA, RHEUMATISM, CATARRH, ERUPTIONS, and all manner of RATING, SPREADING and RUNNING SORES. It is by far the best tonic and blood purifier ever offered to the world. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5. For sale by druggists.

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For sale by R. R. BELLAMY.

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p e 15

The Morning Star.

THE SCISSORS.

We're a jolly pair of twins,
And we always work together;
We are always bright and sharp,
However dull the weather.
Whenever little Maidie
Takes her workbox in her lap,
We are always up and ready
With our "Snip, snip, snap!"

CHORUS.

Snip, snip, snap!
Snip, snip, snap!
We are always up and ready
With our "Snip, snip, snap!"

We cut the pretty patches
To piece the pretty quilt;
Each square the next one matches;
Their points never wilt.
We trim the edges neatly,
With never a mishap,
And what music sounds so sweetly
As our "Snip, snip, snap!"

We cut the dolly's mantle;
We shape the dolly's dress.
Oh, half the clever things we do
You'd never, never guess!
For food or sleep or playtime
We do not care a rap,
But are ready, night and day time,
With our "Snip, snip, snap!"

Snip, snip, snap,
Snip, snip, snap,
But are ready, night and day time,
With our "Snip, snip, snap!"
—Laura E. Richards in St. Nicholas.

NOT COMMONPLACE.

When Clinton's engagement to Miss Lanston had been broken because of Greta Morrys, conjecture grew and thrived in all directions as to whether or not Greta was betrothed to Mr. Clinton.

A few there were who asked Mr. Clinton himself and received only the disheartening answer, "Ask me no questions and I'll tell you no lies."

All of the Chase house guests, therefore, were on the qui vive whenever Clinton and Greta appeared together, and, indeed, the uncertainty of it all lent a new interest to the idle pleasure of the hotel life on the Maine coast.

When early in the week it became known that Francis Greyford was coming down from Bar Harbor to Squirrel island, apparently for no better reason than that Miss Morrys was there, those interested made sure that at last they would be able to solve this riddle.

Several days passed and envious girls had grown familiar with the tall, strong figure of the new man lounging on the piazza near Greta when he was not rowing or playing tennis with her. There was no change in Miss Morrys' manner.

There were, of course, several girls ready to tell Greyford about Clinton, but he did not seem to mind much, and only this morning he had been heard to ask her to go rowing, in spite of the stormy sea, because he liked to be with her where nobody else dared to go.

She had laughed at him caressingly and looked out at the wind swept ocean thoughtfully before she answered: "Yes, let us go. It will be an experience that will forever after prevent surface acquaintance between us."

Greyford spent the half hour she was away anxiously watching the water. He was afraid he had been unwise in asking her to go out, but when she came down stairs ready to go she was such a charming picture he forgot his anxiety.

"There are, after all," she said, "few men who are not commonplace."

"No man is always commonplace," he replied gravely. "There are times in the life of even the most ordinary man when he is unusual. Those things depend too much on environment to generalize about them."

She gave him a surprised glance, which he did not notice, for they were close to the beach now, and his eyes were on the sea, gray and opaque, mirroring the gloomy sky above it.

Short, crisp waves broke on the sandy shore and lapped against the boathouse, while, farther out, the waves were choppy and flecked with white caps.

"Would you think me very commonplace if I were to tell you that it will be most unwise for us to row round the island today?"

"Yes, I should," she answered tersely.

"I should not have asked you to go. Look at that sky and wind. It is going to storm frightfully in about half an hour."

"I shall like that," said Greta recklessly. "When I said I would go, I told you it was for the sake of the experience."

"I do not like the responsibility," he observed.

She threw back her head and looked at him through half closed lids. "How does it feel to be afraid?"

He gave her a wrathful glance and moved away to the boat waiting on the beach. Without a word he helped her in, took up the oars, and, with the long, steady stroke of a crewman, swept out into the channel.

"How vexed you are!" she said, carelessly pinning her hat on her head.

"No, I am not vexed," he answered, "but it will not be a laughing matter. You are very reckless."

"Well, then, so are you," she retorted.

His eyebrows drew together. "With a difference. I am not reckless for my own sake."

"For mine," with an upward fling of her lashes, "or for the sake of being thought uncommon?"

"I will leave you to guess," he answered dryly. "Uncertainties always attract you."

Greyford looked at the lowering storm cloud and then at the expressive face of the girl before him, into which no touch of seriousness had come.

"If we go round the island," he said angrily, "we take our lives in our hands, probably to dash them to pieces on the Hypocrite rocks." He rested on his oars, still looking at her.

"I have never been near death," said Greta thoughtfully.

His lips came together firmly. "I will not take you near it. Have you never a serious moment in your life? Is there nothing more to you than effervescence?"

"Yes," she said simply, "there is much more to me. Because it has never been put to the test in your presence you ought not to think it lacking. The effervescence would not be attractive if its foundation were poor."

"Thank you," he answered. "I am glad. It is time, then, that we stopped this madness. We will go back."

Greta made no answer, but the woman in her approved of his quick tone of command. The boat swung round under his skillful guidance.

They were almost a mile out from shore, with the wind and tide against them, and Greyford's teeth set firmly as he saw the little headway they were making.

"We must beat the storm," he said gravely. A wave of foam crested water rolled over the boat, dashing itself up into Greta's face and over her gown, but she did not even start. "Most girls would have screamed," thought Greyford, with an observant look at her quiet face, with the clustering curls that the water had not straightened about it.

Suddenly, one of the oars gave an ominous crack, and Greyford's face whitened almost to his lips.

"God!" he muttered. "This thing cannot stand the strain, and we are a half mile from shore."

Greta leaned forward to the white, determined face. There was no terror in her own, the Morrysses had not been used to lose their heads in peril.

"It is my fault," she said in a low voice. "You would not have gone but for me. Before—anything—happens you must let me ask you to forgive my selfishness and to thank you with all my heart for the friendship of a man that you have given me."

"There is nothing to forgive," he answered hastily.

Another long stroke and then once more that ominous crack; the oar swept through the surging water, it shivered and splintered in his grasp.

Greyford looked up. "I can do nothing with this one oar in such a sea. I lent Dale the other pair yesterday."

"And the storm will break in a few minutes," answered Greta, looking from the dark sky to the island, where all the girls were doubtless dressing for dinner, and then at the mass of water that lay between them and safety.

Greyford's eyes had followed her. There was no single person on shore and not another boat of any description to be seen. Even the mail steamer was not due for an hour. The boat gave a sudden lurch over on to its side and a pool of water filled the bottom.

"There is only one chance," Greyford's steady voice paused and he looked at her critically, "for life. We must swim for it. The tide carries the boat farther out each moment, and if the storm overtakes us there will be nothing to hope for."

For a moment she did not answer. Then she threw off her hat and said: "I think you are right. If it means life or death, I must do my best to make the swim easier. My shoes—and—and"— A faint color crept into her white face.

"Yes," said Greyford gently, "it will be a hard battle, and we must both of us do without our—useless clothes."

He turned his back to her to remove his own shoes and coat. One moment Greta hesitated; then her shoes came off and the long outer skirt. She gave a little gasp and another look at the water to be gone through; then she loosened the blouse of her gown, removing its girdle and what other impediments to her free movement that she could.

"I am ready," she murmured.

With ready tact, he did not look at her when he turned, but carefully lifted the bundle of clothes and put them in the locker, a swaying, unsteady performance.

"If we get the boat back, they will be unharmed," he said.

Very gravely she held out both her hands to him. He took them in his own with a warm, close clasp, and they looked into each other's eyes—a man and a woman with all the guarding conventionalities of life swept away.

The water gurgled around them and over them, the stinging waves lashed their faces and tossed their bodies to and fro. For many minutes they were almost at the mercy of the waves, but at length the long, steady strokes told, and both were carried slowly forward.

It was true that Greta was an expert swimmer. Each summer that had brought her to the coast had proved it, but the strain now was almost too severe.

"Can you last five minutes longer?" he asked. "We will reach it then—if—only the storm does not break." Greyford's voice over the waves sounded singularly tender.

"I—I am giving out," she said in low gasps.

"Float again," he answered, "until you are rested."

"No," she said. "No—progress."

A great wave dashed over them, drowning his answer, and low peals of thunder broke on the air, lashing the waves to wilder fury.

Greta's arms fell powerless to her side, and, with a faint cry, she felt the water close over her head. Then his strong arm went round her and buoyed her up, a choking, breathless burden. She made one last effort, and then her feet touched land. She staggered and fell.

A crash of thunder pealed through the air, and the storm broke over sea and land. Far out on the water a tiny boat swayed and rocked under the stormcloud.

Some minutes they rested, motionless, exhausted. Then he spoke to her, with that new tenderness still in his voice, and from their friendship for each other the commonplace fled forever.—New York Sun.

A Story of Mayo.

Like every actor, Frank Mayo had experiences not of a pleasant character. This story is one of his early ones, that of his forced resignation from the stock company of Maguire's theater in San Francisco, because, as one of the friends of Rolla in the once popular play "Pizarro," he cheered too soon. Junius Brutus Booth, the younger, was acting Rolla. The crowd was to cheer at the word "change"—"no such change as they can give us"—but as the word occurred twice in the same sentence, the enthusiastic young "super" anticipated his "cue" by breaking into a lusty "Hurrah!" that shook the rafters. The audience and even the actors laughed. The scene was so completely spoiled that the curtain was run down. Booth was furious. He looked upon the mishap as unpardonable and demanded that the youth—Frank was only 18 then—should be discharged from the company.

Tom Maguire, always gentle in dealing with the young men of the stage when he had unwelcome news for them, told him that Mr. Booth would leave the theater unless he was discharged. "I leave it to you, my boy," said Maguire, "to decide in this emergency whether the infant stage in California is to lose one of its most brilliant lights." Mr. Mayo used to say with a broad smile that the only consolation that the incident afforded him was the fact that he was called on thus early in his career to decide whether he or the star should leave the company.—Buffalo Express.

The Man Who Bets.

A story is related of a farmer who came into a village grocery in one of our western states and exhibited to an admiring crowd an enormous egg about 6 inches long, which was laid by one of his old hens. He had it packed in cotton and wouldn't allow anybody to handle it for fear of breaking the phenomenon. The grocery man examined it with the rest, and, intending to chaff the country man, said, "Pshaw, I've got something in the egg line that will beat that!" "I'll bet you $5 you haven't it," said the country man, getting excited. "Take it up!" said the grocery man, and, going behind the counter, he brought out a wire egg beater. "There's something in the egg line that will beat it, I guess," said he, reaching for the stakes. "Hold on there!" said the farmer. "Let's see you beat it." And he handed it to the grocer. The latter held out his hand for it, but dropped it in surprise on the counter, where it broke two soup plates and a platter. It was of iron, painted white. "Some folks think they are tarnation cute," muttered the farmer as he pocketed the stakes and left, "but 'tain't no use buckin ag'inst the solid facts."—New York Independent.

For Nothing at All.

A young gentleman of 10 had never been to school, but had had his instruction privately at home. On his very first day at school he came home and complained bitterly that the teacher punished scholars for nothing at all.

"Have you been punished?" he was asked.

"I was shut in a closet for half an hour."

"What for?"

"I do not know, only I wanted to know something of the teacher. I put up my hand—I was very careful to put up my hand—and asked her for permission to ask a question."

"And what did she say?"

"She told me to come to her desk and ask it."

"Well?"

"And I went to the desk to ask it, but instead of answering it she put me right in the closet."

"Singular! But did you do anything wrong on the way to the desk?"

"Anything wrong on the way? Why, no—oh, the only thing I did was to turn a couple of handsprings!"—Boston Transcript.

Depends on the Amount.

"If I ever get hold of Binks, I'll thrash him so that his own mother wouldn't recognize him."

"What's the matter?"

"He's been slandering me. He says that I beat him out of $5 in a poker game."

"Not at all. I heard the remark myself."

"Then what did he say?"

"He said that you beat him out of $5,000 in a wheat deal."

"Oh, well, then, I suppose it's all right. I could hardly believe that he was the kind of man who would go around telling stories that reflected on me in that way."—Chicago Post.

Amuse Each Other.

"What is the basis of friendship between Mrs. Dash and Mrs. Rash?"

"Each thinks the other is so flighty."—Chicago Record.

THE INDIAN MUTINY.

A TOURIST GOES OVER THE GROUND OF THE MASSACRES.

An Old British Soldier Who Survived Those Terrible Days Was His Guide—The Story of the Causes and Awful Results of the Uprising as He Tells It.

There is no bloodier chapter in the history of this century than that recording the heartrending scenes of the Indian mutiny of 1857. During the last week, as I visited the places in Cawnpur, Delhi and Lucknow which have been made historic by the bold uprising of the natives of India, by the fearful suffering and slaughter of English women and children and by the heroic bravery of British soldiery, I have experienced mingled feelings of horror, sadness and approbation. While making these studies I have had by my side most of the time an old soldier who was wounded three times during the mutiny, who followed Havelock and Outram in their noble charges and sieges, and whose eloquent recital of these thrilling events added no little to the interest elicited by these localities. After much controversy on the subject the weight of testimony seems to support the opinion that the origin of the outbreak can be found in both political and religious tendencies that had been growing in power for years before it actually burst forth.

Long before 1857 it was known that the Mohammedans were dissatisfied with the subordinate position, and their increasing idleness and immoral conduct rendered them insolent and fractious. This restless feeling was fanned into a flame when the royal family was dismissed from their residence in the fortress at Delhi by the English government, and especially when, through the influence of Lord Hastings, the kingdom of Oude was annexed to the British possessions. But the Mohammedans, on account of their numerical inferiority, could do nothing as long as the Hindoo soldiers remained true to England. The wily Mohammedans, aided by a concatenation of circumstances, were enabled to overcome this difficulty. It was sedulously reported that the British government had determined to force all of its subjects to embrace Christianity, and in order to accomplish this end a plan had been devised by which the whole of the Hindoo sepoys would become defiled and break their caste.

As it was well known that no Hindoo could remain clean and touch with his lips the grease of animals, the Mohammedan emissaries declared that the government had adopted the device of issuing cartridges greased with pigs' and bullocks' fat for the enfield rifles, the ends of which must be bitten off before they could be used. When a Hindoo touched the unclean thing with his lips and teeth, of course he would be an outcast, and there could be no other resource for him except to join the religion of his masters.

The leaders of the two great classes of natives were soon united in their purposes—regiment after regiment rebelled; fort after fort was besieged, and the spirit of the insurgents spread rapidly throughout northern India. The king of Delhi was proclaimed sovereign of the whole country; the stores of firearms and ammunition were seized; English officers were shot down by the native soldiers while at drill; the residences of foreigners were broken into and plundered as quickly as they could be reached; neither sex nor age was spared, and within 24 hours from the time when the first gun was fired a frightful massacre was being perpetrated in 15 or 20 villages and cities. My old friend Captain Lee, who received a terrible saber gash while fighting on the streets of Cawnpur, pointed out the scenes of the struggle at this place and described the disaster that befell the British arms early in the combat.

Sir Hugh Wheeler intrenched himself in the barracks with a force of about 800 soldiers, who were protecting 500 women and children, the families of officers and civilians. The insurgents were commanded by Nana Sahib, who nurtured a deadly hatred against the government for declining to recognize in him the successor of a late ruler to whom he was connected by adoption, and, wearied by the desperate resistance of the men in the barracks, he offered to give to all a safe passage to Allahabad if a surrender was made. The terms of the perfidious enemy were accepted. Unarmed men, with hundreds of helpless women and children, marched to the river bank, and just as they were about to embark a masked battery opened fire on them, the murderous shots killing 650 out of the 800. This apparent success seemed only to inflame the demon Nana. The 150 prisoners were brought into his presence. The men were tortured and slowly put to death, and the others, after undergoing the most horrible ordeal, were butchered by savages and their bodies cast into a well. Marochetti's beautiful monument raised over this well is a pure white marble figure of an angel, with folded wings and palm laden hands, with its eyes sadly cast downward toward the spot where the dead and dying were buried.

Although the mutiny broke out in the early summer, Havelock and Outram did not succeed in forcing their way into Lucknow until the 25th of September, when they came to the relief of the British residency. During these months a handful of men held the place against thousands of native soldiers. Many within the walls died from wounds and exhaustion, while several officers, among them Sir Henry Lawrence, fell before the shot of the enemy.

Women, as is always the case under similar circumstances, acted with transcendent heroism, and when at last succor came tears of men, women and children mingled in thanksgiving. As I walked through the hushed chambers of the residency Tennyson's "Defense of Lucknow" came to mind, and in leaving, as I looked back upon the broken and shot scarred walls, I recall the words of the angelic chorus over the birth of one greater than Tennyson.—Baltimore Sun.

Insanity Not Increasing.

In an article in The Yale Medical Journal Dr. Edwin A. Down combats the popular impression that insanity is increasing. He says that the increase for the last 20 years, shown by the official records, is comparatively trifling and is more than accounted for by the change in conditions which has resulted in sending to insane asylums many persons who were previously kept in almshouses or in private families and not reckoned in making up the record of the insane.

Survival of the Fittest.

Bobby—On my way to school this morning I met the new boy who has moved in next door.

Mrs. Bingo—Yes, and here's a note from the teacher saying you were late.

Bobby—The new boy didn't get there at all.—London Tit-Bits.

The Discovery Saved His Life.

Mr. G. Callouette, Druggist, Beaversville, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life. Was taken with La Grippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store I sent for a bottle and began its use and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep store or house without it." Get a free trial at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store.

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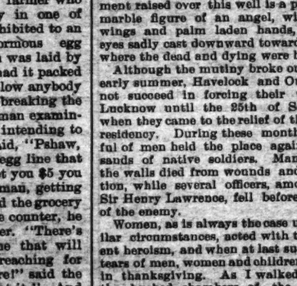

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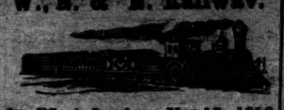


In Effect Sunday, May 17, 1896

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND		STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND	
No. 48	No. 46		No. 47	No. 45
A M	P M	—WILMINGTON—	P M	P M
8 00	3 00	Lv...Mulberry street...Ar	12 40	
† 00	2 10	Lv...Surry street...Ar	12 30	5 25
8 50		Ar...Jacksonville...Lv	11 45	
11 00	5 05	Lv	10 25	10 35
11 55	6 30	Lv...Maysville...Lv	9 30	9 15
12 10	6 44	Lv...Pollocksville...Lv	9 15	8 59
1 30	8 3	Ar...Newbern...Lv	8 00	8 40
	P M		A M	

Nos. 3 and 6 mixed trains.
Nos. 7 and 8 passenger trains.
Trains 6 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.
Connection with Steamer Neuse at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
Steamer Geo D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.
*Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
†Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
‡Daily except Sunday.

H. A. WHITING, General Manager.

J. W. MANTENIS, Traffic Manager. may 22 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT Sept. 17, 1896.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—MONTGOMERY.

DAILY No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.05 a m, Warsaw 11.14 a m, Goldsboro 12.05 p m, Wilson 12.58 p m, Rocky Mount 1.35 p m, Tarboro 2.40 p m, Weldon 3.35 p m, Petersburg 5.30 p m, Richmond 6.40 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.52 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, †Boston 3.30 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 3.30 p m, Warsaw 3.43 p m, Goldsboro 9.36 p m, Wilson 10.33 p m, †Tarboro 7.05 a m, Rocky Mount 11.00 p m, Weldon 1.01 a m, †Norfolk 10.40 a m, Petersburg 3.35 a m, Richmond 5.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.33 a m, Philadelphia 10.40 a m, New York 1.33 p m, Boston 5.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 5.40 P M No. 35—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.19 p m, Marion 6.39 p m, Florence 7.10 p m, Sumter 8.04 p m, Columbia 10.15 p m, Denmark 6.30 p m, Augusta 5.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.55 p m, Savannah 12.50 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m, St. Augustine 9.10 a m, Tampa 6.00 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M No. 49—Passenger—Leave *Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 3.55 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 5.40 a m, Weldon 11.55 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.15 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.08 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.30 a m No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12.00 m, New York 9.00 a m, Philadelphia 12.00 p m, Baltimore 2.32 p m, Washington 3.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.19 p m, †Norfolk 3.30 p m, Weldon 9.48 p m, †Tarboro 5.58 p m, Rocky Mount 6.15 a m, Goldsboro 7.03 a m, Warsaw 7.51 a m, Magnolia 8.00 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.75 a m No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 7.00 a m, Sanford 1.55 p m, Jacksonville 7.00 p m Savannah 12.10 night, Charleston 4.55 a m, Columbia 8.45 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.40 a m, Augusta 3.35 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 7.10 a m, Florence 8.30 a m, Marion 9.31 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.56 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 p m, Halifax 4.13 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.05 p m, Greenville 6.47 p m, Kinston 7.40 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.20 a m, Greenville 8.32 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 00 a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.00 a m and 2 00 p m, arrive Parmele 8.50 a m and 3 40 p m; returning leave Parmele 9.35 a m and 6 20 p m, arrives Washington 11 20 a m and 7.10 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily at 5.30 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.35 p m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily at 7.40 a m., Arrive Tarboro 9.45 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6 00 a m; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, 7 50 a m, arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9.15 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8.35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 11.10 a m and 5.45 p m; returning leave Clinton at 3.00 p m, and 11.30 a m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9 05 a m, arrive Latta 9.30 a m, Dillon 9 36 a m, Rowland 9 53 a m, returning leaves Rowland 6 05 p m, arrives Dillon 6.35 p m, Latta 6.51 p m, Pee Dee 6.56 p m, daily.

Train on Conway Branch leave Hub at 6.30 a m, Chadbourn 10.40 a m, arrive Conway 12.15 p m, leave Conway 2 30 p m, Chadbourn 5.30 p m, arrive Hub 5.50 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 8 55 a m, 9 40 a m and 7 40 p m, arrive Darlington 9 26 a m, 10 10 a m and 8 15 p m, leave Darlington 9 31 a m and 10 40 a m, arrive Cheraw 10 40 a m and 12 20 p m, leave Cheraw 13 45 p m, arrive Wadesboro 2 55 p m, Returning leave Wadesboro 3 p m, arrive Cheraw 4 50 p m, leave Cheraw 4 50 p m and 9 30 p m, arrive Darlington 7 p m and 6 37 p m. Leave Darlington 7 30 p m, 6 30 and 7 45 a m, arrive Florence 8.15 p m, 7 p m and 8 15 a m. Daily except Sunday. Sunday trains leave Floyds 7 30 a m, Darlington 7 45 a m, arrive Florence 8 10 a m. Returning leave Florence 9 a m, Darlington 9 30 a m, arrive Floyds 9 40 a m. Trains leave Gibson 6.15 a m, Bennettsville 6 41 a m, arrive Darlington 7.40 a m. Sumter 9 23 a m. Returning, leave Sumter 5 30 p m, Darlington 6.15 p m, arrive Bennettsville 9 05 p m, Gibson 9 25 p m.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6 06 p m, Manning 6.36 p m, arrive Lane's 7 12 p m, leave Lanes 6.34 a m, Manning 9.10 a m, arrive Sumter 9.39 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7 10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 p m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 9.30 a m, 5.35 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.10 p m, 11.10 p m, arrive Selma 3.53 p m, Smithfield 5.08 p m, Dunn 5.50 p m, Fayetteville 6.35 p m, 1.07 a m, Rowland 6.06 p m, returning leave Rowland 6.53 a m, Fayetteville 11.10 a m, 6.40 p m, Dunn 12.15 p m, 7.05 p m, Smithfield 12.57 p m, Selma 13.34 p m, arrive Wilson 1.30 p m, 11.35 p m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Sumter 4 23 a m, Creston 5 2 a m, arrive Denmark 6 20 a m. Returning leave Denmark 6 47 p m, Creston 8 16 p m, Sumter 8 06 p m. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5 45 a m, arrive Pregnalls 9.15 a m. Returning leaves Pregnalls 10 p m; arrives Creston 3 50 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 11.10 a m and 7.15 p m, arrive Lucknow 1 p m and 8.18 p m. Returning leave Lucknow 6 05 a m and 2 00 p m, arrive Elliott 8.30 a m and 3.30 p m.

†Daily except Sunday. ‡Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON, Asst Gen'l Passenger Agent.

I. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. sep 27 tf

Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad

Time Table.

In Effect Wednesday, May 27th, 1896.

GOING EAST.			GOING WEST.	
3

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, NOV. 15, 1896

SPOTS AND FUTURES.

The Visible Supply of Cotton—Crop in Sight—New York Sun's Review of the Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, November 14.—The total visible supply of cotton for the world is 3,858,087 bales, of which 3 080,887 bales are American, against 3,504.444 bales and 3,195,244 bales, respectively, last year.

The receipts of cotton this week at all interior towns were 184.905 bales; receipts from the plantations 286,748 bales; crop in sight 3 770,497 bales.

The *Sun* says: Spot cotton here was unchanged. Liverpool declined 1 16d on the spot, with sales of 7,000 bales. Futures there declined three to four points. The *Chronicle* states that in the South the temperature has been lower generally the past week, and that killing frost has occurred in Texas, Alabama and Arkansas; that the rainfall has been light as a rule and picking, where not already completed, has progressed well. There came into sight during the week 346 630 bales, against 331,410 in the same week last year, making the total in sight 3 770 497 bales, against 3 959.000 at this time last year. Northern spinners have taken thus far this season 643 094 bales against 538.-000 bales in the same time last season. The total world's visible supply now is 3,858,087 bales, against 3,508 444 last year. The exports from the ports thus far this season aggregate 1,789 898 bales, against 1,092,178 in the same time last season. Future prices here to-day opened two to four points higher, lost this and declined one to three points, but rallied and closed steady at a net advance of one to three points, with sales of 124 100 bales.

The trading to-day was quiet and featureless and the fluctuations in prices were confined within an extremely narrow range. The opening prices were slightly higher on a small local demand, but the improvement was quickly lost and a small decline followed in sympathy with a decline in Liverpool both for futures and spots and selling by tired longs. Before the close prices again advanced slightly on buying by recent sellers.

The *Chronicle's* Galveston dispatch said: 'Remnants of crop will all soon be picked. Rain now will destroy all ungathered cotton. It has rained on three days of the week, the precipitation reaching eighty three hundredths of an inch."

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Wheat Closed at a Decline—Corn, Oats and Pork Products Lower.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, November 14.—Whilst wheat declined in prices to-day it was not without meeting with considerable resistance. Several times it rallied with enough vim to cause "shorts" just a little uneasiness and to set them scurrying for cover. The cash situation gave token of little congestion. As it is claimed that the season has not advanced too far for moisture to be of benefit, the effect was detrimental. December wheat opened from 80½@80¾c and closed ⅝@¾c under yesterday. Cash wheat was weak and 1c per bushel lower.

Corn—A natural lowering of the price of corn took place. The undertone of the market lacked firmness and the action of wheat was against improvement. Business was neither greater nor smaller than it has been of late and the trade was devoid of character or incident. May corn opened at 28¾c, sold between 28⅝ and 28¼@28¾c, closing at 28⅜c—¼@½c under yesterday. Cash corn was ½c per bushel lower.

Oats were quiet, easy and uninteresting. A few unimportant buying and selling orders, such as are usual at any time, were executed, but further than that the market was featureless, for prices depended upon the feeling manifested by the other grains. May oats closed a shade lower. Cash oats were steady for good, but easy for other kinds.

Provisions—Lower prices were quotable in this market, the decline being due to the weakness of grain, as well as of hog prices. Trade was slow and barren of feature. At the close January pork was 7½@10c lower; January lard 7½c lower, and January ribs 9¾@8c lower.

KNIGHTS OF LABOR.

Proceedings of the Convention in Session at Rochester, N. Y.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ROCHESTER, November 14.—At this morning's session of the Knights of Labor Convention, Delegate O'Reilly, from Assembly 220, of Brooklyn; Cooney, from Assembly 49, of New York; General Master Workman Sovereign and Foreman Bishop agreed to act in connection with the coopers of Rochester in their efforts to compel the Rochester brewers to use home made packages instead of machine-made goods from Cincinnati, Milwaukee and other Western points.

A telegram from Leadville, Col., congratulating the Assembly, particularly Mr. Sovereign, and endorsing the latter's statesmanlike address, was given out. It was signed by Thomas Colly, Chas. E. Goodfriend, James T. Smith, committee.

On request of District Assembly No 81, of North Carolina, the General Assembly voted to revoke the charter of District Assembly No. 80, of the same State, and to attach the latter assembly to District Assembly No. 81.

The General Assembly decided to send delegates among the miners to introduce more fully the aims of the Knights.

There were many more questions—all of them of minor importance to the general public—that were brought up before the General Assembly, but none of them were passed.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, November 14.—Rosin steady; strained common to good $1 90 @1 92½. Spirits turpentine steady at 28 @28½c.

CHARLESTON, November 14.—Spirits turpentine firm at 25¼c; sales — casks. Rosin firm: sales — barrels; prices: B, C $1 40. D, E $1 45. F, G $1 50 H $1 55. I, K $1 60. M $1 80, N $2 00, W G $2 20, W W $2 40.

SAVANNAH, November 14.—Spirits turpentine firm at 25½c; closed quiet at 25½c; sales 150 casks; there were bids at 28¼c after the close, but no sales reported; receipts 1,048 casks. Rosin in good demand; opened unchanged and closed at 5c advance in G and H grades; sales 4,100 barrels; receipts 8,283 barrels.

Treasury balances: Coin, $120,819,008; currency $51,365,888.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

EUROPEAN ADVICES.

ITALY DEMANDS IMMEDIATE EXECUTION OF REFORMS IN TURKEY.

The Sultan's Promises Receive Little Credence in Diplomatic Circles—Reports Concerning the Impending Famine in Ireland.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 14.—The Sultan gave an audience last evening to Signor Panzza, the Italian Ambassador, who insisted that the proposed reforms should be executed immediately. The Sultan promised that they should be enforced, but Signor Panzza said that they were not being enforced. It was not enough, he declared, that the reforms should be published; they should be actually carried out. Signor Panzza also insisted that Mazehan Bey, who is held to be responsible for the murder of the Italian priest, Father Salvator, should be summarily punished.

LONDON, November 14.—Endeavoring to obtain from official sources further information regarding the impending famine in Ireland, a representative of the Southern Associated Press learned that although the local Irish authorities reported on the failure of the crops in many districts, the official view was that no serious or widespread famine was anticipated. A leading Board of Trade official who is in a position to know, said that there would be distress of a severe kind in many districts, but no actual famine. There can now be no really extensive famine in Ireland, the arrangements for relief having been so perfected that the central authorities in Dublin can assist the local authorities at almost a moment's notice. Into the question of the suspension of rent payments by the farmers the official interviewed declined to go. From other sources it can be affirmed that the Dublin Castle authorities have been warned of the wholesale refusal of the smaller farmers to pay rents, on the simple ground of inability. Their crops have been destroyed and they have nothing with which to pay rent. There has been up till now a remarkable absence of agrarian crime in Ireland. When the pinch of Winter comes it is feared that the old record of outrage will be renewed unless the landlords hold their hands and cease prosecutions and evictions.

Notwithstanding the fact that the Sultan of Turkey has promised to execute sweeping reforms throughout his dominions, his promises are still looked at askance by those here who have had experience of his artfulness and lack of good intentions, and this in spite of the fact that orders have already been given of the putting into effect of some of the reforms promised. The jubilation among the newspapers over the restoration of the concert of the Powers, which it is claimed here is responsible for the pressure brought to bear upon the Sultan, which compelled him to grant the reforms, may be short-lived.

Cynical observers of the situation do not place much faith in the claims that Great Britain had a prominent part in the concert. They maintain that Russia, acting through France, is the country that deserves the credit for forcing the Sultan to understand that he must mend his ways and do something besides making promises that he never intends to fulfill. If this is really the case, there is little room to doubt that there will be a radical change in the Turkish policy, for Russia is really the only power of which the Sultan stands in fear.

Great Britain may blow and bluster, but the ruler of Turkey well knows that she is utterly impotent to do anything more than make threats, and she is not threatening now as much as she did a year ago. With Russia, however, it is a different matter. She has done no threatening, and for that reason the Sultan knows she is all the more dangerous. Of course, it hurts British pride to know that Russia, acting through France, has been able to accomplish more with the Sultan than has she, Turkey's self constituted protector, and it may be that it is this feeling of injury that leads official circles here to believe that what England could not accomplish would also be impossible for France.

LONDON, November 14.—The Earl of Elgin, Viceroy and Governor General of India, has telegraphed the home Government that no rain has fallen in the famine-stricken districts during the week just ended. The crops in the Punjaub, the Viceroy says, depends upon the Winter rains. The prospects in the province of Behar are serious. Grain riots have broken out in Sholapore.

HON. WM. J. BRYAN.

Letter Received from the Free Silver Club of Hill City, South Dakota.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LINCOLN, NEB., November 14.—W. J. Bryan yesterday received the following from the Free Silver Club of Hill City, S. D.:

Hon. W. J. Bryan, Lincoln, Neb. Honored Sir: We, the members of Hill City Silver Club, herewith tender to you our earnest admiration for the patriotic devotion with which you served our cause during the recent campaign. We propose to remain organized, and shall, as zealously in the future as we have in the past, revere the principles you advocate. The result of the campaign is but a temporary defeat, and we firmly believe that "truth crushed to earth will rise again."

This is but one of many similar letters received by Mr. Bryan, whose correspondence continues heavy.

An audience of ladies, which packed the Funke Opera House from pit to dome, greeted Wm. J. Bryan this afternoon. The address, which was brief, was given by invitation of the Mary Bryan Silver Club, of Lincoln. Mr. Bryan congratulated the ladies on the part they had taken as the friends of bimetallism, and expressed his heartfelt appreciation of the efforts made in his behalf. After referring to the campaign in a general way, he said that among the new things of this campaign was the speaking to audiences of those who could not vote. But, he said, he liked to talk to women on political subjects. He referred pleasantly to the influence of women over husbands. He would rather, at the beginning of a campaign, have the wife than the husband on his side. There was a chance then of getting both. Speaking of the tendency to keep out of politics because of fear of contamination, Mr. Bryan said:

"Politics is going to stay in this country. Because we ignore politics, we cannot get out of politics. We should prepare ourselves and our children so politics may be so pure that anybody can take part without being contaminated."

Mr. Bryan was warmly applauded throughout his address. He spoke about thirty minutes, and, at the conclusion he and Mrs. Bryan were occupied just an hour in shaking hands with the crowd.

A passenger train on the Southern Railway was seized yesterday at Winnsboro, S. C., upon an attachment for a suit for damages. It was nearly ten hours before the matter was adjusted and the train released.

An Important Difference.

To make it apparent to thousands who think themselves ill, that they are not afflicted with any disease, but that the system simply needs cleansing, is to bring comfort home to their hearts, as a costive condition is easily cured by using Syrup of Figs. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company only, and sold by all druggists.

SEABOARD AIR LINE.

ANOTHER HITCH IN NEGOTIATIONS FOR TRANSFER OF CONTROL.

A Bitter Fight Ahead Which May Involve Renewal of Rate Troubles—The L. & N. Said to be After the Property.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, November 14.—The following statement, relating to the S. A. L. purchase, is given out this afternoon by the Mercantile Trust and Deposit Company of Baltimore:

Mr. Thomas F. Ryan to-day accepted and paid for the stock of the Seaboard & Roanoke Railroad Company covered by Gen. John Gill's options through the Mercantile Trust and Deposit Company—between two and three thousand shares. Mr. Ryan also called at the office of the company to close the Hoffman pooled stock option, which expires to-day, but the committee was not ready to deliver the stock or to tell what amount had come in under that option.

Thomas F. Ryan, of New York, who is at the Arlington to-night, confirmed the statement issued this afternoon by the Mercantile Trust and Deposit Company, of Baltimore, that the pooled stock of the Seaboard & Roanoke Railroad, controlling the Seaboard Air Line, held by the Hoffman interest, had not been delivered to him under the forty days contract, and that no information could be obtained concerning the amount of stock held under the option by the pool. Mr. Ryan also confirmed the further statement that he had accepted and paid for the Seaboard stock covered by Gen. Gill's option, which is between two and three thousand shares. He declined to state, however, whether the failure of the Hoffman pool to turn over the control of the Seaboard meant a collapse of the negotiations, but in reply to a question whether it meant legal warfare for the possession of the road he merely remarked: "I am not looking for a fight."

Mr. Ryan stated that he wanted it distinctly understood that he was not negotiating for the control of the Seaboard for the Southern or any other railroad, and that he was acting solely for himself. He also declined to make any statement concerning the latest developments in the situation.

The failure of the Hoffman pool to transfer the stock pooled under the Hoffman opposition has caused considerable surprise in financial circles and is construed to mean that there is a very bitter fight ahead for the control of the Seaboard Air Line, which may involve a re-opening of the rate troubles among the Southern lines. Under the contract entered into at Portsmouth, Va., in October, between Mr. Ryan and the pool holding 4,000 shares of the Seaboard stock, it is stated that it was agreed that the pool should secure more stock, and forty days were allowed for that purpose. This expires to-morrow, but when the Ryan party appeared in President Hoffman's office in Baltimore to-day to pay for the 8,000 shares gathered by the pool none of the pool committee, with the exception of Judge Watts, of Portsmouth, were on hand. No explanation could be ascertained of the unexpected turn of affairs, and Mr. Ryan withdrew, accompanied by his lawyer, Elihu Root, of New York.

The effect, it is said, of the latest phase in the situation is that the control of the property will remain in the hands of the Hoffman interest for the present. In certain circles the belief prevails that outside interests which seek to control the property are responsible for the seeming collapse in the negotiations. It is said that the L. & N. is after the property and it is expected that the struggle for the control of the property will be attended by interesting developments.

Mr. Ryan and Chairman Blackstone of the reorganization committee of the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley had a long conference in Baltimore to-day and it is thought that in the future that property and the Seaboard will be closely allied.

It is pointed out that the developments of to day show the value of the Seaboard as an Eastern and Southern outlet and the interesting part that it is to play in the Southern Railroad situation. As it stands Mr. Ryan, with the purchase of the Gill holdings, to day owns between four and five thousand shares of Seaboard and Roanoke stock which makes him the largest individual shareholder in the company.

LYNCHING THREATENED.

Narrow Escape of Negro Murderers from an Angry Mob at Henderson, Ky.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

HENDERSON, KY., November 14.—Prompt and vigorous action of the authorities saved three negroes from being lynched here this afternoon Dave Powell, Will Dixon and Will Lowery were arrested before daylight this morning on the charge of having entered the store of Land & Metzner last night, holding up Louis Metzner and fatally shooting him four times. The leader of the robbers did all the shooting. They were masked and when the prisoners were taken from their beds, pistols were found under their pillows. Four chambers of Powell's gun were empty. The citizens were excited and threatened lynching, especially as there are four negroes in jail who participated in the murder of Officer White at Owensboro. A big crowd surrounded the jail and court-house, openly threatening to take the prisoners from the officers as soon as an attempt was made to remove them to a safer place. The absence of a leader only prevented an attack on the jail.

A strong escort of officers, under direction of the sheriff, took the prisoners from the jail to the railroad station. The mob, headed by John Borp, attempted to take the negroes from the officers, but Jailor Kohl knocked the leader down with a rifle and the prisoners were landed on a fast train without further resistance.

CONFEDERATE MONUMENT

Dedicated at Rockville, Md., With Imposing Ceremonies.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ROCKVILLE, MD., November 14.—The first monument to be dedicated in Montgomery county to the soldiers of either the Union or Confederate armies was unveiled to-day. The ceremonies attracted delegations from many Maryland counties, the District of Columbia and Virginia, Confederate camps especially being well represented. The monument is located in Grace cemetery, near Woodside station, and was erected to the memory of the seventeen Confederates who were killed on the 13th of July, 1864, during General Early's invasion of Maryland. Mr. Samuel Blackwell, of Alabama, delivered the address; Mr. S Thompson, of Washington, D. C., read General Lee's farewell address, and Miss Dollie Young, of Washington, assisted in the unveiling ceremonies.

The gold reserve at the close of business yesterday stood at $138,814,885. The report from the New York sub-Treasury shows a withdrawal of $1,700 in coin and $16,900 in bars, leaving a net gain in gold of $58 800.

"I had severe pains in my head and discharges from my ears; my general health was also very poor. The druggis s advised to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, which I did. The bad feeling in my head and the earache are now all gone." Mrs. T. G. Ryhne, Dallas, N. C. Hood's Pills are reliable, pure,

A WOMAN MURDERED.

Choked to Death by Her Paramour—The Murderer Captured.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., November 14.—Mrs. Ravenah Carraway, formerly of Knoxville, Tenn., but recently of Ocala, was strangled to-day by her lover, R Willie Wilkes, formerly of Florence, S. C., but of late years of Ocala. The man and woman came here from Ocala two weeks ago and have frequently quarrelled. To-day Wilkes went to the woman's room and after a quarrel threw her on the bed and choked her until she was dead. The murderer coolly walked out of the house and the body was not found until a half hour later.

Wilkes was captured by a barber as he was riding out of town on a bicycle. He drew two pistols, but the barber got the drop and turned him over to the police. From letters found in the room it appears that Wilkes planned the murder and intended to commit suicide, but his nerve failed him. The maiden name of Mrs. Carraway is not known. Her mother, a sister and a brother live in Knoxville, Tenn. Physicians believe Wilkes has a murderous mania so far as women are concerned. It is said he has attacked other women. Mrs. Carraway was only 24 years of age and very pretty. She leaves two childen at Ocala. Her friends did not know she was with Wilkes.

A FOOT BALL FIGHT.

Fully Five Hundred Young Men Engaged —No One Seriously Hurt.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NASHVILLE, TENN., November 14.—One of the most exciting occurrences that the Vanderbilt gridiron ever witnessed, took place to-day. The University of Nashville foot ball team and the Vanderbilt eleven played a match game. The teams were evenly matched, and the game was played to within five minutes of the closing time without either side gaining any advantage. The last half was characterized by artistic and vicious slugging. Finally a flagrant slug by the Nashvilles caused the Vanderbilts to openly retaliate, and in an instant both teams were fighting for all they were worth. The rooters for both teams were out in full force. There were about 300 for each school and they joined in the scrap. When the row was at its height fully 500 young men were engaged in a free-for-all fight, but fortunately they were so crowded that fighting was hampered. The affair was generally stopped without anybody being seriously hurt; the principal damage done was to hats and noses. No weapons except walking canes and hats were used.

CUBAN WAR NEWS.

Weyler at the Trocha Trying to Surround Maceo's Forces—Spanish Troops Defeated in an Engagement with Insurgents.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

KEY WEST, November 14.—Passengers by the steamship Olivette to-night report Weyler at the trocha with 35,000 men and that he will now try to surround Maceo.

Spanish troops under Gens. Gonzalo, Munoz and Echague made an attack upon the insurgents near Loma Rubi. The insurgents had set dynamite in front of their entrenchments and waited the attack. When the Spaniards appeared the insurgents exploded their dynamite, causing great destruction of life Munoz is reported killed and one of Echague legs was blown off.

It is reported in Havana that Gen. Castellanos had been made a prisoner by Gen. Gomez near Puerto Principe.

WARM WIRELETS.

A heavy blizzard has been raging in upper East Tennessee. There are fourteen inches of snow on Roane mountain.

The University of Tennessee won a hotly contested foot ball game yesterday from the Blacksburg, Virginia, University, by a score of 6 to 4.

The La Harpe Bank, La Harpe, Ill., has failed. The liabilities and assets cannot be ascertained. Hard times is the cause given by the manager.

Wolff & Co., importers of braids, buttons, etc., of New York, have made an assignment. The liabilities are $50,000 and the assets nominally the same.

Col. Breckinridge wants the vote of Owen county, Ky., thrown out. If this is done, it will elect him Congressman and all thirteen Republican electors.

J. Rosenfield & Co., wholesale millinery and notion business, Galveston, Texas, filed a general assignment. An estimate places liabilities at $120 000.

The firm of Marx & Blumm, wholesale shoe and hat dealers, Galveston, have failed. The total liabilities of the firm aggregate $518,618, probable assets $750,000.

A call has been issued for a State Convention of Kansas Free Silver Clubs in Topeka, January 13, 1897. The object is to more thoroughly unite the silver forces.

The famous Ferris wheel is in the hands of a receiver. The company is nine months in arrears on interest due on mortgage bonds of $300 000 and is totally insolvent.

The Leeper Hardware Company, of Denison, Tex., has made an assignment. The liabilities will probably reach $50,-000. The greatest part is due to St. Louis and Northern firms.

The United States Shipping Company has arranged for a semi monthly direct steamship line between Newport News, Va., and Manchester, Eng., the first boat to sail in December.

Officers were attempting to arrest a desperate character named Charles Murphy, at Roanoke, Ala., last night, when he resisted and was shot to death. Two of the officers were wounded.

An Atlanta, Ga., dispatch says there was no material change in the Senatorial situation yesterday. Mr. Clay denies the report that he has formed a combination with some of the candidates for the Supreme Court.

A number of modern big guns, about twenty-two tons each, have been ordered for the fortifications at Quebec. It is said by experts that when these guns are mounted they will make the citadel one of the best fortified points on the western continent.

The dead body of a nicely dressed man was found on the track of the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad, near Fredericksburg, Va., yesterday. His black derby hat had inside the name John W. Looder, 113 Broadway, St. Louis, Mo. On the watch pocket of his pants is marked H, G. Hall, St. Louis, Mo.

FOOT BALL.

The Record of Games Played at Various Places Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Annapolis—Cadets, 36; Lehigh, 10.

Buffalo — Cornell-Williams — draw game.

Easton, Pa.—LaFayette College, 38; Franklin and Marshall College, 0.

Chicago—University of Chicago, 18; Northwestern University, 6.

Philadelphia—University of Pennsylvania, 37, Pennsylvania State College, 0.

Middletown, Conn. — Wesleyan, 24; Trinity, 18.

Amherst, Mass.—Dartmouth, 33; Amherst, 0.

Charlotte—Bingham Military School, 4; Charlotte Y. M. C. A., 18.

PATRONS OF HUSBANDRY

Demand Equal Protection For the Farmer With the Manufacturer.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.—For the first time in several years the executive committee of the National Grange Patrons of Husbandry submitted to that body to-day an unanimous report. The report embraced a great many topics, chief among which was a demand on the tariff question. Acting upon the assumption that a tariff bill is to be formed by the Fifty-fifth Congress, the committee submits a report demanding that equal protection be given the farmer as is given the manufacturer or other class of citizens affected by a revenue measure. No expression is given on the export bounty question, but the admission is made that possibly the farmer may derive some benefit from this policy. This afternoon the delegates called at the Executive Mansion and paid their respects to the President.

Heavy floods have occurred throughout a large section of Bosnia, and twenty-four persons are said to have been drowned, while the damage to property has been immense.

HUNTING PERUVIAN GAME.

An Englishman's Account of His Fine Sport In the Highlands.

Hunting in the highlands of Peru is a very enjoyable if little known sport, according to an Englishman "who spent some days hunting from 15,000 to 18,-000 feet above the sea on grassy plains or in valleys surrounded by high mountains." There is considerable small game—snipe, ducks, culi culi (a kind of gronse) and quivio (a kind of guinea fowl)—but the game a sportsman out for a day or two seeks is vicuna and alpaca. The vicuna is the wild llama and is a shy animal with great vitality, requiring neck or shoulder shots to kill. The alpaca is the mountain vicuna, living on the coarse and scanty forage of its home region. Its wool is a foot long, but so curly and fine that it fits to its body like a darky's hair. Both are related closely to the guanaco of the Patagonia deserts, which sometimes wanders into the uplands of Peru.

The Englishman carried a 44-40 American rifle and a 16 gauge shotgun for small game.

"Entering a large pampa," he writes, "we sighted a herd of vicuna. We tried to ride aronnd them, but they made off, passing Ashmore at about 200 yards. Lying down, he opened fire, and a fine specimen rolled over. We cleaned it, loaded it on to a pack mule and rode on, soon striking another herd of seven, which at once made off, but my second shot at 140 yards dropped one dead. This we took, and soon after bagged two brace of culi-culi."

That night the hunters rolled up in their blankets on the mud floor of a hut. Hammocks strung from post to post would have been better. Next day, after a restful night, they "began to shoot the valley adjacent to Caraguiri." Some of the writer's bullets hit two vicuna at 180 yards, and some of the others hit the valley. The dead animals were loaded on the pack mules, and after going over the summit of an 18,000 foot mountain the hunters had the rare good fortune for that region of jumping seven guanaco, which ran too fast for the mules the men rode and struck a gait across the pampa discouraging to the hunters.

"But leaping from my mule," says the writer, "and sighting my rifle at 400 yards, I dropped a bullet ahead of them, and the bunch of dust scared them to a standstill. I then plumped the remaining nine bullets into the herd, and two fell dead."

A 38-55 rifle would have been better for such long range work, and a 40-82 still better, but no matter, the guanacos were killed. One was 45 inches high at the shoulder and weighed 140 pounds dressed. The other was 36 inches high and weighed 75 pounds dressed.

The total bag was two guanacos, seven vicuna, seven brace of culi-culi, one brace of quivio, five ducks, three snipes and no end of fun. The end of the hunt was to the tunes of a banjo and a piano. —New York Sun.

The Power of the Word Resurrection.

The skeptical mind may frame questions as it will—death sternly refuses to give it any satisfaction. The love of money may heap around us mountains of gold. All this is but to lower the ratio of that which a man is to that which he possesses. The fever of self indulgence may multiply our enjoyments, but each new enjoyment is, for the common run of men, a new want, and each new want is a new link in the chain of moral servitude, a new deduction from our high prerogative of freedom. Schemes of negation may each for awhile fret and fume upon the stage of human affairs. It is death, the great auditor of accounts, that reduces them, one and all, to their natural and small dimensions. The present is louder than ever in its imperious demands, but injured nature takes it upon her to reply that the present is the life of animals, and the future is the life of man. In the development of luxury, we are immeasurably ahead of the ancient Greek, and we might have been proportionably more successful in shutting off the questionings of the soul respecting that which is to come had not a new voice sounded forth in the world to proclaim the word resurrection, since which it has become impossible, by any process within our resources, to stifle the longings of the human spirit to obtain the command of some instrument for measuring the future which expands before it.—Hon. W. E. Gladstone in North American Review.

Well Flavored.

Figaro tells an amusing story about M. Ricard, the minister of justice. Some time ago he bought two haunches of kangaroo at a shop where frozen meats from Australia are sold. He had them served up "a la sauce poivade." His guests, who were curious to try this "plat exotique," found it anything but suited to their taste. The kangaroo had a most peculiar flavor. M. Ricard was naturally much vexed. He made a complaint to the shopkeeper and asked him to taste the remains of the dish. It was then discovered that the haunches had been cooked in lamp-oil instead of olive oil, but it is not known who made this substitution in the minister's cuisine.

Americans Via London.

The English sometimes grow sarcastic at our expense. The London News vouches for the following: "Scene, Rome. Time, a few days ago. Young English lady wandering near the Coliseum. To her approaches a group of American young ladies. One of them says to her: 'Would you kindly tell me whether that is the arch of Titus? My Baedecker is 2 years old.'" The News unkindly remarks that the American ladies "were probably from Chicago."

A Sweeper.

"My daughter sweeps the floor," the mother was saying when the young man interrupted her.

"What a prise such a girl is in these degenerate days!"

"Yes. She sweeps the floor with her ball dresses, while I stay at home to wield the broom."—Detroit Free Press.

He Was No Statesman.

"You, sir," shouted the reformer, "you are no statesman."

"Statesman?" echoed the boss, laughing harshly. "I've got statesmen to sell."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Verbal Inaccuracy Rebuked.

One evening recently I chanced to have business with an Alameda official and called at his residence. He habitually clothed his official position with all the pomp it would carry, and occasionally he strained it a little.

He had lately been presented with a big brass piano lamp, with a yellow shade, and it was standing in the very center of the parlor floor. The official had called attention to the new lamp by turning it up and down half a dozen times, but still his son felt that it was not attracting the attention of which such a bountiful lamp was deserving, so he blurted out:

"Don't yer think it's the beautifulest lamp yer ever seen?"

The official swelled up with indignation, and, scowling fiercely, reproved his son in the sternest manner:

"Joe, them words is incorrect!"—San Francisco Post.

Enterprise.

The inventory of stock in hand had just been completed.

"It's all right with the exception of that rubber hose," said the senior partner. "We have more of that than we can sell in 50 years. I don't see how we ever managed to accumulate such a stock of it."

"Oh, well, there's no reason why we should have any trouble disposing of it," returned the junior.

"Why, there's enough to supply every lawn in the city"—

"That outs no figure. We can advertise it as something new in bicycle tires and get rid of the whole lot in less than a week."—Chicago Post.

Dana Never Hurries.

Charles A. Dana, who has been a journalist more than 50 years and who gets through more work in a day than most men do in a week, ascribes his excellent health, his continued mental vigor and activity at a time when most men have retired mainly to his never allowing himself to be in a hurry. This habit has, he says, saved him from the nervous disorders from which more than half of us Americans really die.—San Francisco Argonaut.

The Dews.

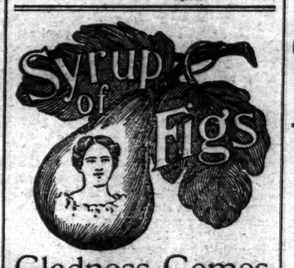
Professor—Now, Tommy, tell us what you know about the dews that fall in the night.

Tommy—They are the only dews that don't have to be paid.—Washington Times.

Criticism.

"Artist? Why, he's a mere hewer of wood and drawer of water."

"He isn't even that. His marines are execrable."—Detroit Tribune.



Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be recommended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Roger Moore,

104 North Water Street,

HAS FOR FARMERS AGRICULTURAL Lime and Land Plaster. For building—Common and Face Brick; Lime, Cement, Plaster Paris, Laths, Hair, Shingles, Fence Posts, Fire Brick, Fire Clay, Paints, Oils, Roofing, Tarred felt Sheathing Paper, &c. oct 15 1m

JUST ARRIVED TO-DAY

AT THE

PALACE BAKERY

Lowney's Candy.

MAILLARD'S CANDY,

FINEST ON EARTH,

Vantine's Japan and Turkey Imported Candy.

Come and try a sample; 200 kinds to select from. nov 6 tf

Frank H Stedman. Jas. S. Worth

Stedman & Worth.

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life.

Office at Banking House of the Wilmington Savings and Trust Company

Telephone 162. jan 25 tf

BUTTER AND FISH.

Twenty-five small tubs

GILT EDGE BUTTER

250 Barrels Mullets

and piles of other goods.

D. L. Gore.

oct 21 tf

Combination Bicycle

FOR SALE.

A Combination "Crusader" Bicycle, for either lady or gentleman. Cushion Tires. Brand new. Will be sold cheap. Call in person, or address M., at

ap 7 tf STAR OFFICE.

WILMINGTON'S

Big Racket Store

Is having better trade now than ever before in its history, and still our desire is not satisfied. We want your trade and to get it we make extra efforts and are selling lots of our goods very near at what they cost us. Our cash Domestic sale of Sheeting, Bleaching, Sea Island Unbleached continues. Fruit of the Loom at 6¼c. 1 yard wide Palmer Mills Bleaching at 5¾c. Lonsdale Bleaching, 1 yard wide, at 9c, worth 12½.

Our special sale of Rugs this week. 36x72 inch Rugs at 29c; beautiful light styles Silk Moquet Brussels Rugs at 85; large Smyrna Rugs, 30x60 inches, all wool, lovely styles, at $2 00; Smyrna Rugs at 95, 50, 98c, $1.50 up to 5 00 each; large Art Squares 10½ feet by 12 feet, at $4.00; Cromb Cloths at $3.75; large Office Ruggets, 9x9 square feet, very heavy, at $7.50, worth regular $12 00; and many styles of Rugs in remnants of fine Brussels Carpets, all grades, 5 feet long, at 75c a piece.

MATTING—A large lot on hand that we are selling very low. Good Matting, 1 yard wide, at 10, 12½, 15, 18, 20, 22½c up to 35c per yard. If you need a Matting and have a desire to save money, it might be to your interest as well as ours to give ours a look. In Carpets we are closing out this line at a Discount of 20 per cent., and if you need a Carpet we promise the lowest price to begin with, and still 20 per cent. off that for cash only.

Window Shades and Oilcloths. Linolium at 30, 35 and 45c square yard in yard wide patterns.

UNDERWEAR all grades. If you have put off buying your Underclothing we have heavy knit Vests in ribbed, nicely made, at 17c each, better at 25c; heavy Marion Vests at 35 and 40c, better at 50, 75c and $1 00. All styles of Union Suits for children and ladies. Children's from 35 to 50c. Ladies' from 50c to $1 00 per Suit. Small Children's fine all wool Leggins, worth at least 50c, we have 100 pairs to close at 19c Infants' all wool Underwear at 35 and 50c each. Men and Women's Red and White Flannel Underwear from 50c to $1.25 each.

SHOES—We have bought 100 cases of new Shoes to replenish our stock, as the price is rapidly advancing. Baby Shoes, 20c; Women's solid Pebble Grain Shoes at 75 and 85c; Button, fine Oil Grain, at $1.00. Ladies' Dongola Patent Tip Shoes, new and fresh goods, at 85c a pair.

We are at 113 North Front street, opposite the Orton Hotel.

Braddy & Gaylord, Prop.

Of Wilmington's Big Racket Store.

nov 15 tf

VISIT THE STORE OF

C. W. Polvogt & Co.,

No. 9 North Front St.

DURING THIS WEEK AND SEE THE NEW GOODS THEY HAVE OPENED, CONSISTING OF

Stylish Dress Goods, Trimmings, Carpets, Rugs,

LADIES' JACKETS AND CAPES,

Blankets and Comforters.

The largest Carpet and Window Shade Department in the State.

Special attention paid to making and laying Carpets.

The Best $1.00 Kid Glove in the city. Every pair warranted.

Friday, Our Bargain Day.

C. W. Polvogt & Co.,

Sole Agents for Butterick's Patterns and W. B. Corsets.

Samples sent on application. nov 8 tf

BUCK'S STOVES & RANGES "THE PEACE MAKERS"

WE HAVE A LINE OF THE ABOVE

CELEBRATED STOVES.

Will guarantee them to be the finest goods on the market. Only porcelain lined ovens made that will stand.

The Heating Stoves are just superb. All we ask is an examination of the goods.

Wm. E. Springer & Co.,

SOLE AGENTS,

"PURCELL" BUILDING, WILMINGTON, N. C. oct 21 tf

A TREMENDOUS STOCK TO SELECT FROM.

Domestics.

Splendid Unbleaching 8c yard.
Yard wide Unbleaching 4c yard.
Heavy for Hot Beds 6c yard.
Turkey Red Table Cloth 30c yard.
7-8 grade 45c yard.
10-4 Unbleached Sheeting 18c yard.
Bleached Pillow Casing 10c a d.
Splendid values in Towels—5, 10, 15 and 18c.
Heavy Canton Flannel 5 and 8c.
Pen e Cloth 8 10, 15 to 50c yard.
Splendid Towelling 5, 8 and 10c.
Matt ess Ticking at 5 and 8c.
Feather Ticking 10 and 15c.
Remnants 10 and 12½c Sheeting 7½c.
Medicated Red and Whi e Flannel 20c.
Checked Homespun 3, 4 and 5c.

Dress Goods.

Beautiful Plaids 5c yard.
40c All-Wool French erge 29c.
Navy and Blue erge 18, 20 and 23c.
The Cheapest ready 48c.
36 inch all-Wool Flanne's 4?c.
New line 40c Dress Good- 25c.
15c quality Flannelettes 10c.
Aprons and Dress Ginghams 5c.
Splendid Flannelettes 5c
All-Wool Shepherd Plaids 25c.
46 inch Silk and Wool Dress Goods 38c.
Plu hes and Velvet 25c yard.
Latest styles in Dress Trimmings.
27 inch Cr ape de Silks 50c.
Plain Satins Silks 65c.
Fast Colors Calicoes 5c.
Beautiful line of Draperies 12½c.

Cut Prices in Boots, Shoes, Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Carpets, Mattings, Rugs, Window Shades, Notions, &c. Crayon Portraits free when purchases amount to $10, or Framed Water Colored Pictures with $10 and $20 purchases. Ask for Punch Card. Phone 118.

J. H. Rehder & Co.,

Near Fourth Street Bridge. Car fare paid on purchases of $2 and up.